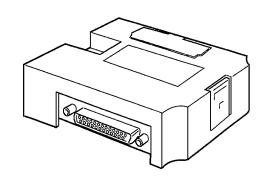
NT-series RS-232C/RS422 Interface Unit

Operation Manual

Produced October 1993



Notice:

OMRON products are manufactured for use according to proper procedures by a qualified operator and only for the purposes described in this manual.

The following conventions are used to indicate and classify precautions in this manual. Always heed the information provided with them. Failure to head precautions can result in injury to people or damage to the product.

- **DANGER!** Indicates information that, if not heeded, is likely to result in loss of life or serious injury.
 - **WARNING** Indicates information that, if not heeded, could possibly result in loss of life or serious injury.
 - **Caution** Indicates information that, if not heeded, could result in relative serious or minor injury, damage to the product, or faulty operation.

OMRON Product References

All OMRON products are capitalized in this manual. The word "Unit" is also capitalized when it refers to an OMRON product, regardless of whether or not it appears in the proper name of the product.

The abbreviation "Ch," which appears in some displays and on some OMRON products, often means "word" and is abbreviated "Wd" in documentation in this sense.

The abbreviation "PC" means Programmable Controller and is not used as an abbreviation for anything else.

Visual Aids

The following headings appear in the left column of the manual to help you locate different types of information.

- **Note** Indicates information of particular interest for efficient and convenient operation of the product.
- 1, 2, 3... 1. Indicates lists of one sort or another, such as procedures, checklists, etc.

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About this Manual:

This manual describes the installation and operation of the NT-series RS-232C/RS422 Interface Unit and includes the sections described below.

Please read this manual carefully and be sure you understand the information provided before attempting to install and operate the NT-series RS-232C/RS422 Interface Unit.

Section 1 describes the role and operation of the RS232C/RS422 Interface Unit, and its relationship to the PT features and provides a command reference table.

Section 2 describes how to connect the RS-232C Interface Unit to the PT and the PT to the host computer.

Section 3 describes how to set the RS-422 Interface Unit and how to connect the PT to the host computer. Installation of the RS-422 Interface Unit in the PT and the PT DIP switch settings are identical to the RS-232C Interface Unit.

Section 4 describes RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit communication procedures and how to use the commands.

Section 5 describes the functions of the operating commands and how to use them. The operating commands allows control of the PT by the host computer and notification of PT operations to the host computer.

Section 6 describes the functions of the terminal commands and how to use them. Terminal commands allow the display of information from the host computer as text and graphics, independently of the screens stored in the PT.

Section 7 describes the functions of the online transfer commands to transfer screen and memory table data between the host computer and PT. The commands cannot be used with PTs fitted with an EPROM or EEPROM image memory.

Section 8 provides some sample programs using the Transfer commands. Refer to these sample programs for actual information on using the commands.

Section 9 describes the cause of errors and possible remedies.

This manual also contains four *Appendices* which provide information on communication specifications, preparing RS-232C/RS422 Connector Cables, and connections using different cable types.

WARNING Failure to read and understand the information provided in this manual may result in personal injury or death, damage to the product, or product failure. Please read each section in its entirety and be sure you understand the information provided in the section and related sections before attempting any of the procedures or operations given.

SECTION 1 RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit

This section describes the role and operation of the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit, and its relationship to the PT features and provides a command reference table.

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1-1 Getting Started

Location

serve the following when positioning and handling it.

To ensure that the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit works correctly, carefully ob-

Do not install the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit in a location subject to the following conditions:

- Dust, chemicals, or steam
- Severe temperature fluctuations
- High humidity and condensation
- Direct sunlight
- Strong electrical or magnetic fields
- Poor ventilation
- Severe vibration

Handling

- Do not:
- Subject the Unit to strong shocks or vibrations
- Position the Unit's PCB downward
- Touch the Unit's PCB
- Put heavy objects on the unit
- Supply a voltage different from the specified voltage

To ensure that the RS-232C/422 Interface Unit works correctly, carefully follow the advice below on positioning and handling the unit.

Getting Started

Section 1-1

System Configuration

The equipment and parts required to configure the system to use the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit are shown below.

| Progra | mmable Terminal | Screen-data Memory Board/ Screen Memory | Host I/F Unit | System ROM | Support tools | Expansion I/O Unit | System Key Unit |
|-------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| NT20M/ NT2000M | Monochrome LCD: NT20M-DT121-V2 Touch-panel Model NT20M-DN121-V2 Without Touch- panel Model Backlit replaceable: | Screen Memory SRAM/32 KB: RAM22-15 SRAM/128 KB: RAM13-10 EPROM/64 KB: ROM-KD-B EPROM/128 KB: | RS-232C I/F Unit NT600M- LK201 RS-422 I/F Unit NT600M- LK202 | NT20M- SMR01- E | NT20M- ZASAT- EV4: 3.5-inch (2DD) and 5.25-inch (2HD) disks | For connection to a without touch-panel model NT20M-FK210 12-key Function Key Unit | NT-FK200 for con- nection to NT2000M |
| | NT20M-DT131 Touch-panel Model NT20M-DN131 Without Touch- panel Model | ROM13-12B | | | | | |
| | Large size: NT2000M- DT131/DN131 With- out Touch-panel Model | | | | | | |
| NT600M | Monochrome LCD: NT600M-DT122 Touch-panel Model NT600M-DF122 Function Key Model | Screen-data Memory Board IC socket type: NT600M-MP251 64K-byte SRAM: NT600M-MR641 128K-byte SRAM: NT600M-MR151 256K-byte SRAM: NT600M-MR251 | | NT600M- SMR01- EV1 | | For connection to a without touch-panel model NT600M-FK210 12-key Function Key Unit | |
| | EL display: NT600M-DT211 Touch-panel Model NT600M-DN211 | Screen Memory The screen memory chip must be inserted in the IC socket. Screen data is written with a PROM writer. | | | | | |
| | Without Touch- panel Model | EPROM/64 KB: ROM-KD-B EPROM/128 KB: ROM13-12B EEPROM/32 KB: EER22-20 | | | | | |

Table of Commands

Polling Commands

| Туре | Command | Name | Page |
|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|------|
| Polling | [ESC]@ | Start Polling (RS-422 I/F Unit Read) | 25 |
| | [ESC] A | End Polling (RS-422 I/F Unit Read) | 25 |

Operating Commands

| Туре | Command | Name | Page |
|--------------------|---------|---|------|
| Screen control | [ESC] 0 | Display Specified Screen | 32 |
| | [ESC] X | Request Screen Number | 32 |
| Memory table op- | [ESC] B | Write Character-string Memory Table | 32 |
| eration | [ESC] C | 4-digit Write Numeral Table | 33 |
| | [ESC] D | 8-digit Write Numeral Table | 33 |
| | [ESC] / | Copy Memory Table | 33 |
| Lamp and Touch | [ESC] K | Lamp and Touch Switch Display (Bit Specification) | 34 |
| Switch Display | [ESC] Q | Lamp and Touch Switch Display (Address Specification) | 34 |
| | [ESC] R | Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Enquiry | 35 |
| Touch Switch and | [ESC] U | Touch Switch and Function Key Disable | 35 |
| Function Key Input | [ESC] V | Touch Switch and Function Key Enable | 35 |
| System Control | [ESC] O | Backlight Color Switching (NT20M, NT2000M) | 36 |
| | [ESC] P | Screen Display Control | 36 |
| | [ESC] T | Buzzer Control | 36 |
| | [ESC] W | Mode Switch Enable | 36 |
| | [ESC] Z | PT Battery Status Enquiry | 37 |
| | [ESC]] | Initialize Display History | 37 |
| | [ESC] ^ | Alarm Output Control | 37 |
| | [ESC]_ | Display Mode Control (NT600M-D_122 Read) | 37 |
| Notification | [ESC] Y | Screen Number Response | 38 |
| | [ESC] E | 4-digit Number Input Notify | 38 |
| | [ESC] F | 8-digit Number Input Notify | 38 |
| | [ESC] G | Function Key Number Output | 39 |
| | [ESC] H | Touch Switch Number Output | 39 |
| | [ESC] I | Function Key Bit Output | 39 |
| | [ESC] J | Touch Switch Bit Output | 40 |
| | [ESC] S | Lamp/Touch Switch Display Status Response | 40 |
| | [ESC] [| PT Battery Status Response | 41 |

Terminal Commands

| Туре | Command | Name | Page |
|-------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------|
| Delete | [ESC] & | Clear Screen | 44 |
| Character Size | [ESC]) | Character Specify Size | 44 |
| | [ESC] * | Specify Character Enlargement | 44 |
| Character Display | [ESC] ! | Normal Display | 45 |
| Attributes | [ESC] " | Set Inverse Display | 45 |
| | [ESC] # | End Inverse Display | 45 |
| | [ESC] \$ | Set Flashing Display | 45 |
| | [ESC] % | End Flashing Display | 46 |
| Character String | [ESC] + | Set Cursor Position | 46 |
| Display | [ESC] 4 | Specify Displayed Characters | 46 |
| Graphic Display | [ESC] 7 | Draw Polyline | 47 |
| | [ESC] 8 | Draw Circle | 47 |

Online Transfer Commands

| Туре | Command | Name | Page |
|---|---------|--|------|
| Start/Stop Online | [ESC] x | Online Transfer Start | 50 |
| Transfer | [ESC] y | Online Transfer End | 50 |
| Set Transfer from PT to Host Comput- | [ESC] s | Specify Transfer Screen Number (Host Computer to PT) | 50 |
| er | [ESC] u | Specify Transfer Non-screen Data (Host Computer to PT) | 51 |
| Data Type Notifica- | [ESC] r | Transfer Screen Number Notify (PT to Host Computer) | 51 |
| tion | [ESC] t | Transfer Non-screen Data Notify (PT to Host Computer) | 52 |
| Data Transfer and | [ESC] z | Transfer Data | 52 |
| Result Notification | [ESC] } | Acknowledged | 52 |
| | [ESC] ~ | Not-acknowledged | 53 |

Note The commands are only applicable to NT20M or NT600M PTs fitted with SRAM memory.

1-2 RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit

The RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit supports three command types for control of the PT by the host computer.

| Operating Commands | Commands for control of the PT display, status, and notification during run op- eration. The commands write screen displays and data, and make enquiries. The commands notify the host computer of operations at the PT. |
|--------------------|--|
| Terminal Commands | Commands for use of the PT as a terminal for the host computer. The commands |

allow display of information from the host computer as text and graphics, independently of the screens stored in the PT. The commands are used to handle unforeseen events.

Online Transfer Commands Commands for transfer of screen and memory table data between the host computer and PT.

Types of data transferred:

- Screen data (1 screen/all screens)
- System memory
- Memory table data
- Mark data

• Display history data by sequence or by frequency (from PT to host computer only)

The online transfer commands allow batch data transfer which simplifies system modification and maintenance.

Main applications:

- Partial screen modification
- Screen switching when setting up a production line
- Data backup

1-3 System Configuration

The system configuration using the RS-232C Interface Unit or the RS-422 Interface Unit is shown below.

РΤ

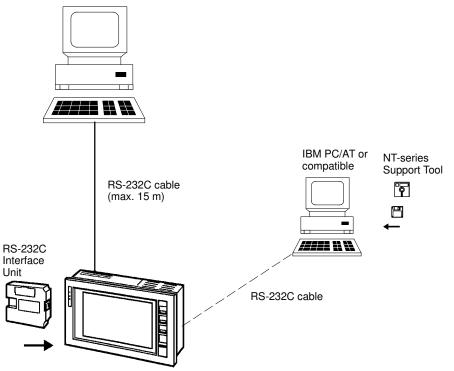
The PT displays monitored data from the production line and instructions to the factory workers. It notifies the host computer of switch ON/OFF settings and numeric inputs.

Host Computer Controls the PT display and status. Processes data notified by the PT.

Support Tool Creates the screens for display by the PT.

RS-232C Interface Unit System Configuration

Create a one-to-one connection between the host computer and PT when the RS-232C Interface Unit is used.

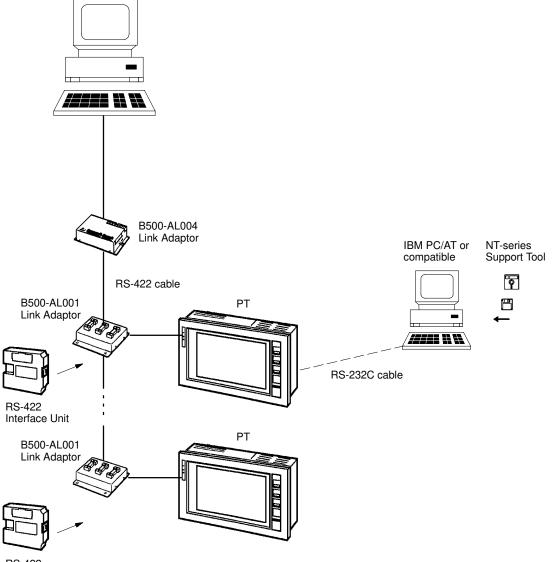


Host computer: Personal computer or FA computer

RS-422 Interface Unit System Configuration

Connect a single host computer to a maximum of 16 PTs when the RS-422 Interface Unit is used.

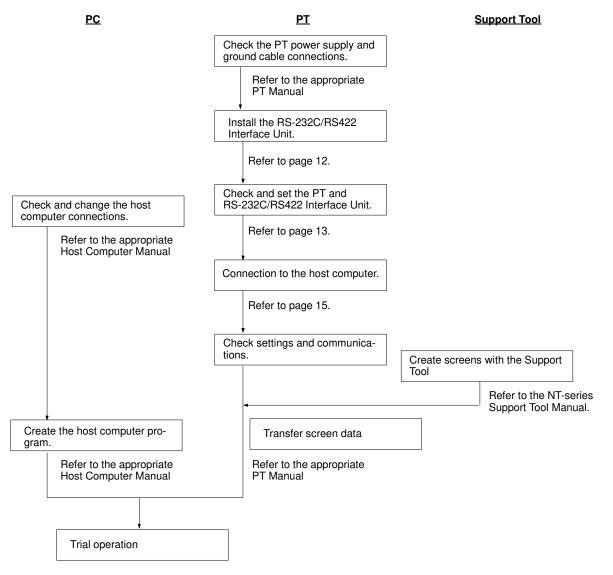
Host computer: Personal computer or FA computer





1-4 Before Operating

Follow the procedure indicated below before operating a PT with RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit installed.



Reference Manuals

The NT20M/NT2000M Series and NT600M Series are covered in the six manuals described below.

| Name of Manual | Contents | Manual No. |
|--|---|------------|
| NT20M/NT2000M Operation Manual | This manual provides specifications, functions, and operating instructions for the NT20M and NT2000M Programmable Terminals. | V001 |
| NT600M Operation Manual | This manual provides specifications, functions, and operating instructions for NT600M Programmable Terminals. | V002 |
| NT-series Host Interface Unit Operation Manual | This manual covers the commands, controls, and communications specifications for operating the NT20M and the NT600M. Refer to this manual when programming host computer communications. | V003 |
| NT20M/NT600M Support Tool Operation Manual | This manual covers methods for creating screens, including screen data preparation, switches, lights, and alarms. | V004 |
| NT-series Host Interface Unit Direct Connection Operation Manual | This manual covers the Direct Connection feature which has been added to the Host Interface Unit. | V015 |
| NT-series RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit Operation Manual | This manual covers the commands, controls, and communications specifications for operating the NT20M and the NT600M with the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit. Refer to this manual when programming host computer communications. | V016 |

SECTION 2 RS-232C Interface Unit Installation and Connection

This section describes how to connect the RS-232C Interface Unit to the PT and the PT to the host computer.

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|-----|----------|--|----|
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| | 2-2-1 | Installation | 12 |
| | 2-2-2 | RS-232C Interface Unit Switch Settings | 13 |
| | 2-2-3 | PT Switch Settings | 14 |
| 2-3 | Host C | onnections | 15 |
| | 2-3-1 | Host Computer Communication Settings | 15 |
| | 2-3-2 | Connector Pin Arrangement | 15 |

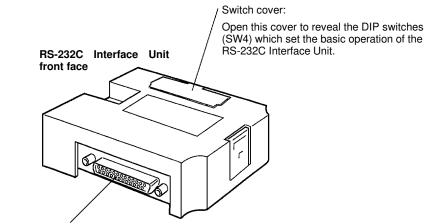
2-1 Components

Before explaining how to connect the RS-232C Interface Unit to the PT, the names and functions of the RS-232C Interface Unit components are described.

Description of Components

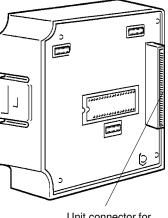
The names and functions of the components of the RS-232C Interface Unit are shown in the diagram below.

NT600M-LK201 RS-232C Interface Unit



Host Interface RS-232C Connector: Connector for connection to the host computer.

RS-232C Interface Unit rear face



Unit connector for connection to the PT.

2-2 Installing the RS-232C Interface Unit

The methods of installing the RS-232C Interface Unit in the PT and setting the DIP switches are described below.

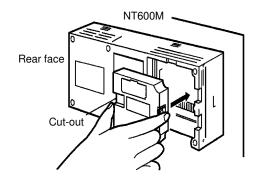
2-2-1 Installation

Turn the cut-out in the RS-232C Interface Unit to the left and push the Unit in until a "click" is heard.

In difficult-to-connect situations move the Unit when connecting the RS-232C Interface Unit.

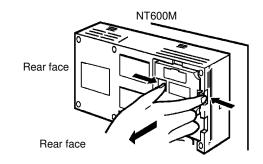
Note Turn off the PT power supply when installing or removing the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit.

Installation in the NT600M



Removal from the NT600M

Hold the RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit by the indentations at each side, press inwards and pull out the Unit.



2-2-2 RS-232C Interface Unit Switch Settings

Set the communication conditions with the RS-232C Interface Unit DIP switches (SW4).

Switch cover





The DIP switches are under the switch cover on the front of the Interface Unit.

| SW4-1 Data Bits | Data bits (see note following the switch settings) ON: 8 bits, OFF: 7 bits |
|----------------------|---|
| SW4-2 Stop Bits | Stop bits (see note following the switch settings) ON: 1 bit, OFF: 2 bits |
| SW4-3/4 Parity Check | Also see note following the switch settings. |

| None | Even | Odd |
|-----------|------------|------------|
| SW4-3: ON | SW4-3: OFF | SW4-3: OFF |
| SW4-4: ON | SW4-4: ON | SW4-4: OFF |

SW4-5/6 Flow Control

| None | RS/CS control | XON/XOFF control |
|------------|----------------------|------------------|
| SW4-5: ON | SW4-5: OFF | SW4-5: OFF |
| SW4-6: OFF | SW4-6: ON | SW4-6: OFF |

Installing the RS-232C Interface Unit

SW4-7/8/9 Baud Rate

Sets the PT Baud Rate

Set to the maximum baud rate supported by both the PT and the host computer. However, the baud rate must be set to the same value on both devices.

| 19,200 bps | 9,600 bps | 4,800 bps | 2,400 bps | 1,200 bps | 600 bps | 300 bps |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|
| SW4-7: ON | SW4-7: ON | SW4-7: ON | SW4-7: OFF | SW4-7: OFF | | SW4-7: OFF |
| SW4-8: ON | SW4-8: OFF | SW4-8: OFF | SW4-8: ON | SW4-8: ON | | SW4-8: OFF |
| SW4-9: OFF | SW4-9: ON | SW4-9: OFF | SW4-9: ON | SW4-9: OFF | | SW4-9: OFF |

SW4-10 Not Used

Note Set the data, stop, parity, flow control, and baud rate bits to match one of the combinations as shown in the following.

| 7 data bits, Even parity, 2 stop bits | 8 data bits, No parity, 2 stop bits |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 7 data bits, Odd parity, 2 stop bits | 8 data bits, No parity, 1 stop bit |
| 7 data bits, Even parity, 1 stop bit | 8 data bits, Even parity, 1 stop bit |
| 7 data bits, Odd parity, 1 stop bit | 8 data bits, Odd parity, 1 stop bit |

Turn off the power supply before setting the DIP switches. Caution

2-2-3 PT Switch Settings

| | NT20M | NT2000M | Switch cover |
|---------|--|---|--------------|
| | Switch cover Rear face | | |
| | NT600M | Switch cover | |
| | Rear face | | |
| | | The DIP switches are cover on the rear of the second second second second second second second second second se | |
| SW1-1 | Automatic release after commun ON: No automatic release OFF: Automatic release | ication error. | |
| SW1-2 | Enable/Disable host RUN ON: Disable OFF: Enable | | |
| SW1-3 | Reserved for system use. Always | s set ON. | |
| SW1-4/5 | Not used | | |
| SW1-6 | Mode change Enable/Disable (N ON: Enable OFF: Disable | T20M/NT2000M/NT | Г600M) |

| SW1-7 | | Not used |
|-------|------|---|
| SW1-8 | | Communication specification setting Always set OFF when the RS-232C Interface Unit is installed. |
| | Note | Turn off the power supply before setting the DIP switches. |
| | | SW1-8 can be set ON or OFF when the RS-422 Interface Unit is installed. |

2-3 Host Connections

Connect a PT with an RS-232C Interface Unit installed to the host computer with an RS-232C cable.

RS-232C connection allows a single PT to be connected to the host.

A computer or other control device with a built-in RS-232C interface is a suitable host for connection to the PT.

2-3-1 Host Computer Communication Settings

Set the host communication conditions according to the following table.

| ltem | Setting |
|--------------|--|
| Baud rate | Set to the same baud rate as the PT: 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 |
| Data bits | 7 bits/8 bits |
| Stop bits | 1 bit/2 bits |
| Parity | Even, Odd, None |
| Flow control | RS/CS control XON/XOFF control None |

Note Set the same communication conditions at the PT and host computer.

Refer to the appropriate instruction manuals for the method of setting the host computer communication conditions.

Set to the maximum baud rate supported by both the PT and host computer.

2-3-2 Connector Pin Arrangement

The RS-232C connection between the PT and host computer is described below.

RS-232C Interface Unit

The connector and cable specifications are described below.

Electrical characteristics: Conforms to EIA RS-232C specifications.

Signal direction: Signal input and output are relative to the host computer.

14 6 Ø ° ° Q ø 25 13

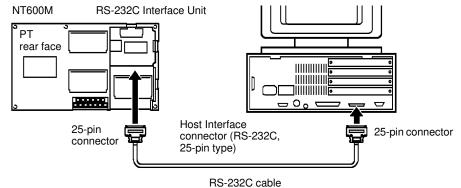
| Connec- | Signal name | Abbrevi- | Signal direction | |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------|------------------|--------|
| tor pin # | | ation | Input | Output |
| 1 | Frame ground | FG | | |
| 2 | Send data | SD (TXD) | | Yes |
| 3 | Receive data | RD (RXD) | Yes | |
| 4 | Request to send | RS (RTS) | | Yes |
| 5 | Clear to send | CS (CTS) | Yes | |
| 7 | Signal ground | SG (GND) | | |
| 14 | Optical connector +5V | +5 V | | |

Note 1. FG is not connected internally in the PT.

2. Unlisted pins are not used.

Refer to *Appendix B RS-232C/RS-422 Connector Cables* for details on cable parts and wiring connections.

Connecting to the Host Computer



RS-2320 cable

Note Turn off the PT power supply when connecting or disconnecting connectors.

Connection Using RS-422 or Optical-fiber Cable

In addition to RS-232C the following two other connection methods are available to connect the PT to host computer. Refer to *Appendix C Connections Using Different Cable Types* for more information on these connection methods.

RS-422

Use RS-422 connections if the PT is more than 15 m from the host computer. Communication is possible up to 500 m through a multicore shielded cable.

Optical-fiber

Optical-fiber cable connections are used in situations where unstable communication occurs because of noise problems. Communication is possible up to 500 m through optical-fiber cable.

SECTION 3 RS-422 Interface Unit Settings and Connection

This section describes how to set the RS-422 Interface Unit and how to connect the PT to the host computer. Installation of the RS-422 Interface Unit in the PT and the PT DIP switch settings are identical to the RS-232C Interface Unit. Refer to Section 2 RS-232C Interface Unit Installation and Connection for details.

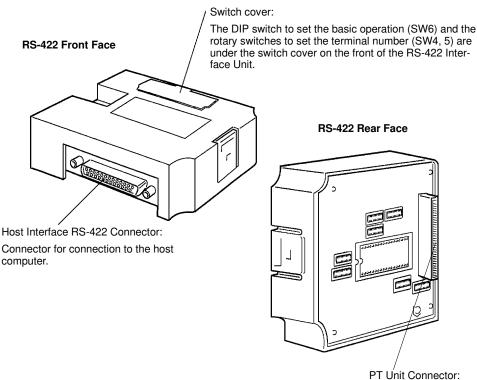
| 3-1 | Compo | nents | 18 |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------------|----|
| | | 2 Interface Unit Switch Settings | |
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3-1 Components

Before explaining how to connect the RS-422 Interface Unit to the PT, the names and functions of the RS-422 Interface Unit Components are described.

Description of Components

The names and functions of the components of the RS-422 Interface Unit are shown in the diagram below.



PT Unit Connector: Connector for connection to the PT.

The DIP switches are under the switch cover on the front of the Interface Unit.

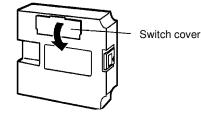
Installation of the RS-422 Interface Unit in the PT is identical to the RS-232C Interface Unit. Refer to *Section 2 RS-232C Interface Unit Installation and Connection* for details.

3-2 RS-422 Interface Unit Switch Settings

3-2-1 Switch Settings

Set the RS-422 Interface Unit rotary and DIP switches.





SW6-1 Data Bits

SW6-2 Stop Bits

Data bits (see note below) ON: 8 bits, OFF: 7 bits

Stop bits (see note below) ON: 1 bit, OFF: 2 bits

SW6-3/4 Parity Check

| None | Even | Odd |
|-----------|------------|------------|
| SW6-3: ON | SW6-3: OFF | SW6-3: OFF |
| SW6-4: ON | SW6-4: ON | SW6-4: OFF |

SW6-5/6 XON/XOFF Control

| ON | OFF |
|------------|------------|
| SW6-5: OFF | SW6-5: ON |
| SW6-6: OFF | SW6-6: OFF |

SW6-7/8/9 Baud Rate

Sets the PT Baud Rate

Set to the maximum baud rate supported by both the PT and the host computer. However, the baud rate must be set to the same value on both devices.

| 19,200 bps | 9,600 bps | 4,800 bps | 2,400 bps | 1,200 bps | 600 bps | 300 bps |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| SW6-7: ON | SW6-7: ON | SW6-7: ON | SW6-7: OFF | SW6-7: OFF | SW6-7: OFF | SW6-7: OFF |
| SW6-8: ON | SW6-8: OFF | SW6-8: OFF | SW6-8: ON | SW6-8: ON | SW6-8: OFF | SW6-8: OFF |
| SW6-9: OFF | SW6-9: ON | SW6-9: OFF | SW6-9: ON | SW6-9: OFF | SW6-9: ON | SW6-9: OFF |

SW6-10 Terminal Resistance

Sets the internal 220 Ω termination resistance. ON: Terminal resistance ON OFF: Terminal resistance OFF

Note Set the data, stop , parity, and XON/XOFF, baud rate, and terminal resistance bits to match one of the combinations as shown in the following.

| 7 data bits, Even parity, 2 stop bits | 8 data bits, No parity, 2 stop bits |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 7 data bits, Odd parity, 2 stop bits | 8 data bits, No parity, 1 stop bit |
| 7 data bits, Even parity, 1 stop bit | 8 data bits, Even parity, 1 stop bit |
| 7 data bits, Odd parity, 1 stop bit | 8 data bits, Odd parity, 1 stop bit |

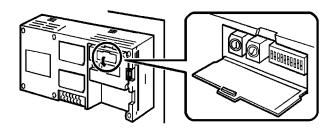
Caution Turn off the power supply before setting the DIP switches.

3-2-2 RS-422 Interface Unit Terminal Number

One host computer can be connected to a maximum of 16 PTs with RS-422 cables. A number, called a terminal number, is allocated to identify each PT.

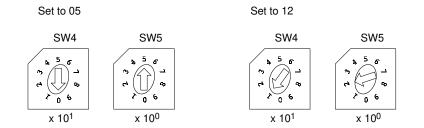
The PT terminal number is set with the RS-422 Interface Unit rotary switches (SW4, 5).

Set the terminal number as a decimal number between 0 and 15.



Turn the switch with a flathead screwdriver to the required number setting. Set the tens digit on switch SW4 and the Units digit on switch SW5. The terminal numbers are set independently of the order in which the PTs were connected. The numbers do not have to begin from 0 and do not have to be consecutive.

Examples



The settings of the PT DIP switches should be identical to those on the RS-232C Interface Unit. Refer to *2-2-3 PT Unit DIP Switch Settings*.

3-3 Host Connections

Connect a PT with a RS-422 Interface Unit installed to the hostr with an RS-422 cable.

RS-422 connection allows a a maximum of 16 PTs to be connected to a single host.

A computer or other control device with an RS-422 interface installed is a suitable host for connection to the PT.

3-3-1 Host Computer Communication Settings

Set the host communication conditions according to the following table.

| ltem | Setting |
|------------------|--|
| Baud rate | Set to the same baud rate as the PT: 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 |
| Data bits | 7 bits/8 bits |
| Stop bits | 1 bit/2 bits |
| Parity | Even, Odd, None |
| XON/XOFF control | ON/OFF |

Note Set the same communication conditions at the PT and host.

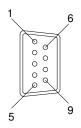
Refer to the appropriate instruction manuals for the method of setting the host computer communication conditions.

Set to the maximum baud rate supported by both the PT and host computer.

3-3-2 Connector Pin Arrangement

The connection between the PT and host with an RS-422 cable is described below.

RS-422 Interface UnitThe connector and cable specifications are described below.Electrical characteristics: Conforms to EIA RS-422 specifications.Signal direction: Signal input and output are relative to the host.



| Connec- | Signal name | Abbrevi- | Signal d | lirection |
|-----------|------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| tor pin # | | ation | Input | Output |
| 1 | Receive data (+) | RD (+) | Yes | |
| 3 | Signal ground | SG | | |
| 5 | Send data (+) | SD (+) | | Yes |
| 6 | Receive data (-) | RD (–) | Yes | |
| 7 | Frame ground | FG | | |
| 9 | Send data (-) | SD (-) | | Yes |

Note 1. FG is not connected at the RS-422 Interface Unit end of the cable.

2. Pins #2, #4, and #8 are not used.

Refer to *Appendix B RS-232C/RS-422 Connector Cables* for details on cable parts and wiring connections.

3-3-3 Precautions

Connecting the Shielding Wire to FG

Connect the FG (Pin #7) at one end only to prevent current flowing in the shielding wire, as described below.

Connecting the Link Adaptor and the PT

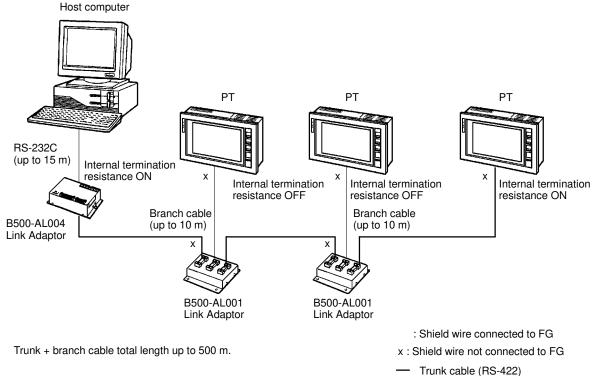
Connect the shielding wire to FG at the Link Adaptor end of the cable only.

Connecting the Link Adaptors Together Connect the shielding wire to FG at any one end of the cable.

Setting the Built-in Termination Resistance Turn ON the DIP switch (SW6-10) on the last RS-422 Interface Unit connected on the cable enable the termination resistance. Refer to *3-2 RS-422 Interface Unit Switch Settings* for information about setting the DIP switches.

Cable Lengths

The cable lengths should not exceed the following limits: Branch wire: 10 m Total trunk and branch wires: 500 m



Branch cable (RS-422) RS-232C

| Connection Using RS-232C or Optical-fiber Cable | In addition to RS-422 the following two other connection methods are available to connect the PT to host computer. Connection through a B500-AL004(-P) Link Adaptor allows connection to the RS-232C connector of a host computer. |
|--|--|
| | Refer to <i>Appendix C Connections Using Different Cable Types</i> for more informa- tion on these connection methods. |
| | RS-232C Use for connection to a host computer with a RS-232C connector. |
| | Optical-fiber Optical-fiber cable connections are used in situations where unstable commu- nication occurs because of noise problems. Communication is possible up to 500 m through optical-fiber cable. |

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SECTION 4 RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit Operation

This section describes RS-232C/RS-422 Interface Unit communication procedures and how to use the commands.

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| | 4-2-2 | Polling Procedure | 25 |
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4-1 RS-232C Interface Unit Communications

The communication procedure through the RS-232C circuit and the program flow using examples in BASIC are described below.

4-1-1 Communication Procedure

The host computer and PT communicate according to the following procedure.

- *1, 2, 3...* 1. The RS-232C circuit must be opened (i.e., communication enabled) before communication can start.
 - 2. Commands are used to control the PT and to receive notification from the PT.
 - 3. Close the RS-232C circuit again after communication is complete.

| Host computer program | | RS-232C ci | rcuit | PT operation |
|--|------------------|----------------|------------------|---|
| OPEN command | Open circuit | · · | | |
| PRINT # command LINE INPUT # command CLOSE command | Send instruction | Open status | Send instruction | Receive instruction Send instruction |

After a circuit has been opened, it can be used until it is closed again.

OPEN Opens the RS-232C circuit. The host computer communication conditions are also set. Refer to 2-3-1 Setting the Host Computer Communication Conditions.

PRINT # Sends an instruction via the RS-232C circuit to the PT.

- LINE INPUT # Receives a command from the PT. This command is used because commands from the PT are not delimited by commas or double-quotation marks.
- CLOSE Closes the RS-232C circuit.

Refer to the host computer's BASIC Manual for more details about the commands.

4-2 RS-422 Interface Unit Communications

The communication procedure through the RS-422 circuit and the program flow using examples in BASIC are described below.

4-2-1 Communication Procedure

The RS-422 Interface Unit permits attachment of multiple PTs, so that the object PT must be specified before communication of commands. This object PT specification is known as polling.

The host computer and PT communicate according to the following procedure.

- *1, 2, 3...* 1. The RS-422 circuit must be opened (i.e., communication enabled) before communication can commence.
 - 2. Send the Start Polling command to the communication object PT to report that communication is started.
 - 3. Commands are used to control the PT and for notification from the PT.
 - 4. To change the object PT during communication, first send the End Polling command to the communicating PT before sending the Start Polling command to the next object PT.

5. Before closing the RS-422 circuit at the end of communication, send the End Polling command to the communicating PT to report that communication is ended.

| Host computer program | | RS-422 circ | cuit | PT operation |
|---|--|----------------|------------------|--|
| OPEN command PRINT # command PRINT # command LINE INPUT # command PRINT # command | Open circuit Start polling Send instruction End polling | Open status | Send instruction | Unit # 1 Receive instruction Receive instruction Send instruction Receive instruction |
| PRINT # command PRINT # command CLOSE command | Start polling End polling Close circuit | | | Unit # 15 ► Receive instruction ► Receive instruction |

After a circuit has been opened, it can be used until it is closed again. Refer to *4-1 RS-232C Interface Unit Communications* for details about the commands.

4-2-2 Polling Procedure

To communicate with the RS-422 Interface Unit, the communication circuit is opened before the polling commands are used.

If a touch switch is pressed or the screen changed on a non-polled PT, the host computer is not notified until start of communication is indicated with the Start Polling command.

The polling command must be used before commencing communication even when only a single PT is connected to the host computer.

When a PT is polled after a long time, the notify data stored up to that time is sent continuously.

Start Polling Command

This command notifies the PT with the specified terminal number that communication has started. Refer to *3-2-2 RS-422 Interface Unit Terminal Number* for details about setting the terminal number.

Format

n₁, n₂: terminal number 00 to 15 (2-digit decimal)

| [ESC] | @ | n ₁ | n ₂ |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|
| 1B | 40 | * * | * * |

Example

PRINT #1,CHR\$ (&H1B);"@05"

End Polling Command

This command notifies the the communicating PT that communication has ended. To switch PTs during communication, first send the End Polling command to the communicating PT before sending the Start Polling command to the next PT.

Format

| A |
|----|
| 41 |
| |

Example

PRINT #1,CHR\$ (&H1B);"A"

4-3 Flow of Control and Notification Using Commands

The flow of control and notification to and from the PT using commands is described below.

Refer to the following sections for information on how to use each command:

Section 5 Operating Commands Section 6 Terminal Commands Section 7 Online Transfer Commands

4-3-1 Operating Commands

The operating commands display monitored data from the production line and messages to the factory workers. They are also used for PT control and management.

The communication flow between the host computer and PT differs according to the following three cases:

PT operation

Message from Host Computer to PT

Host computer program

| Message to PT | Message operating command | Process message |
|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | | |

Enquiry from Host Computer to PT

| Host computer program | | PT operation |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Enquiry | Enquiry operating command | Receive command |
| Receive command | Response operating command | Send response command |

Notification of Operation at PT to the Host Computer

| Host computer program | PT operation |
|-----------------------|--|
| Receive notification | Notification operating command Send notification command |

4-3-2 Terminal Commands

The terminal commands allow the PT to be used as a terminal of the host computer to display text and graphics independently of the screens stored in the PT.

The host computer sends a command and the PT processes the message. The PT does not send back a response to the host computer.

| Host computer program | | PT operation |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Message to PT | Terminal command | Process message |

4-3-3 Online Transfer Commands

The online transfer commands conduct batch transfer of screens and memory tables.

These commands are used to set up a production process and to back up data for maintenance.

Note The commands cannot be used with NT20M or NT600M PTs fitted with an EPROM or EEPROM image memory. The commands are only applicable to PTs with SRAM memory.

Receivable Data Types

The online transfer commands can be used to receive the following types of data.

| Data type | Description |
|--|---|
| Single screen data | Data for a screen displayed on the PT (host computer \leftrightarrow PT) |
| System memory | The initial screen displayed after the PT power is turned on (host computer \leftrightarrow PT). |
| Memory table data | All character-string memory table data and numeral table data (host computer \leftrightarrow PT). |
| Mark data | All mark data stored in the PT (host computer \leftrightarrow PT). |
| Display history data (by se- quence) | All display history data stored in the PT in displayed sequence ($\text{PT} \rightarrow \text{host computer})$ |
| Display history data (by fre- quency) | All display history data stored in the PT in order of frequency ($\text{PT} \rightarrow \text{host computer})$ |

Note It is not possible to transfer character-string memory table data and numeral table data independently.

Command Communication Procedure

The Online Transfer commands allow the transfer of large volumes of important data. To ensure that the data is transferred correctly, several commands are send back and forth during a single transfer operation.

The actual command communication procedure depends on the type of data transferred, as shown below:

Single Screen Data (Host Computer \rightarrow PT)

| Host computer | [ESC] x | PT receives | _ |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--|
| Start Transfer command | | Receive | Transfer started notification |
| Screen# Specify Transfer command | [ESC] r | Receive | Transfer screen # notification |
| Transfer Data command | [ESC] z | Receive | Multiple transfers if the length of screen |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | [ESC] } | | data transferred exceeds 124 bytes. |
| Receive | ا | Acknowledged command | Received normally response |
| End Transfer command | [ESC] y | Receive | Transfer ended notification |

Single Screen Data (PT \rightarrow Host Computer)

Host computer

| Start Transfer command | [ESC] x |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Screen# Specify Transfer | [ESC] s |
| command Receive | [ESC] r |
| | [ESC] z |
| Receive | - |
| Acknowledged command | [E\$C] } |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | [ESC] y |
| End Transfer command | |

PT sends

| | Receive |
|---|--|
| | Receive |
| | Transfer screen # response command Transfer Data command |
| - | Receive |
| | Receive |

| Transfer started notification |
|--|
| Transfer screen # notification |
| Respond with transferred screen# |
| Multiple transfers if the length of screen data transferred exceeds 124 bytes. |
| Received normally response |
| Transfer ended notification |

All Screen Data (PT \rightarrow Host All screen data stored in the PT is transferred to the host computer. Host computer PT receives

| | | 11100011005 | |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Start Transfer command | (1) [ESC] x | Receive | Transfer started notification |
| Screen# Specify Transfer | (2) [ESC] s | Receive | Specify all screen transfer |
| command | [ESC] r (3) | Transfer screen # response | |
| Receive | ■ [ESC] z (4) | command | Respond with transferred screen# |
| Receive | | Transfer Data command | Multiple transfers if the length of screen data transferred exceeds 124 bytes. Repeat (3) and (4) for the number of |
| Acknowledged command | (5) [ESC] } | Receive | screens Received normally response |
| Receive | (7) [ESC] y | End Transfer command | All screen transfer complete notification |
| End Transfer command | (.,[], | Receive | Transfer ended notification |

Memory Table Data (Host Computer \rightarrow PT)

Character-string memory table data and the numeral table data is batch transferred from the host computer to the PT.

| Host computer | □ [ESC] x | PT receives | |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| Start Transfer command | F | Receive | Transfer started notification |
| Non-Screen Data Specify | [ESC] t | Receive | Memory table specification |
| Transfer command | [ESC] z | | Multiple transfers if the length of earsen |
| Transfer Data command | [ESC] } | Receive | Multiple transfers if the length of screen data transferred exceeds 124 bytes. |
| Receive | - [Ľ00] } | Acknowledged command | Received normally response |
| End Transfer command | [ESC] y | Receive | Transfer ended notification |

Display History Data (By Sequence) (PT \rightarrow Host Computer)

Transfers the screen data one screen at a time in the order they were displayed on the PT.

| Host computer | 15001 | PT receives | |
|-------------------------|---------|--|--|
| Start Transfer command | [ESC] x | Receive | Transfer started notification |
| Non-Screen Data Specify | [ESC] u | Receive | Display history (by sequence) specification |
| Transfer command | | | |
| Receive | [ESC] t | Non-Screen Data Specify | Display history (by sequence) transfer |
| Receive | [ESC] z | Transfer command | response |
| | 1 | Display History (by Sequence) Data Transfer Command | Display history data transfer (by sequence) (one command per data item) |
| Receive | [ESC] y | End Transfer command | All data transfer complete notification |
| End Transfer command | [ESC] y | Receive | Transfer ended notification |

History data can also be transferred in order of frequency from the host computer to the PT using the same procedure.

Checksum Using the Online Transfer Command

The checksum (2-digit hexadecimal) ensures that command communication is normal when using online transfer. The transmitting station sets the checksum in a command and transmits it to the receiving station which confirms that the checksum is correct.

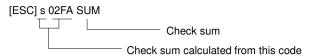
If the received checksum does not match the actual checksum, the receiving station returns a Not-Acknowledged Command (see page 53) to inform the transmitting station that a checksum error occurred.

The PT automatically sets and confirms the checksum but the host computer must be programmed to handle these tasks.

Checksum Calculation The checksum is the two's compliment (2-digit hexadecimal) of the sum of the code from the [ESC] code (1BH) at the start of the command up to the checksum at the end of the command.

Example

In the case where screen #762 (hexadecimal: 02FAH) is specified with the Screen# Specify Transfer command [ESC] s.



As the commands are sent as character codes the checksum is calculated as follows:

 $\frac{73}{s} + \frac{30}{0} + \frac{32}{2} + \frac{46}{F} + \frac{41}{A} = 15CH$

The two's compliment is calculated from the least-significant two digits (by sub-traction from 100H), as follows:

100H - 5CH = A4H

The command must appear as follows when it is sent by the program: PRINT #1,CHR\$ (&H1B);"s02FA";"A4"

4-4 Precautions

Some important points to consider when using commands are listed below.

| Command Length | If a mistake during command specification results in a command being too long, |
|----------------|--|
| | the correct length of the command is executed and the remainder is ignored. |

A timeout error results if a mistake during command specification results in a command being too short.

Interval Between Transmitted Commands As a small number of bytes is transmitted by the host, the interval between transmissions should not exceed 5 seconds if a command is divided up for transmission. A timeout error occurs if the interval between transmissions exceeds 5 seconds.

When commands are sent too frequently, a buffer overflow error may occur if the PT cannot keep up with the command processing.

The interval between command transmissions should not exceed 60 seconds using the Online Transfer command. A timeout error occurs and operation reverts to Run mode if the interval between transmissions exceeds 60 seconds.

Controlling PT Status with Operating Commands Control of the PT status by the operating commands is restricted by the PT memory switch settings as listed below.

| Operating command | Restriction from memory switch setting |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Buzzer control command [ESC] T | Effective when buzzer turned on |
| Alarm Output control command [ESC] ^ | Effective when alarm turned on |

Coordinate Specification with the Terminal Commands

The entire command is ignored if any point specified at coordinates X, Y with the Terminal commands lies outside the screen.

Note If the PT's SW1-1 is set OFF (automatic reset after communication error) no message is displayed when a communication error occurs.

SECTION 5 Operating Commands

This section describes the functions of the operating commands and how to use them. The operating commands allows control of the PT by the host computer and notification of PT operations to the host computer.

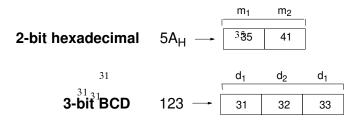
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| | 5-2-8 | Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Response | 40 |
| | 5-2-9 | PT Battery Status Response | 41 |

5-1 Commands Sent by the Host Computer

The operating commands sent by the host computer are described below.

Note All data values must be sent in ASCII code.

Example:



5-1-1 Display Specified Screen

Format

| [ESC] | 0 | m ₁ | m ₂ | (m ₃ | m4) | | |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 1B | 30 | * * | * * | * * | · · · · · · · · | | |

m₁m₂ (m₃m₄): Number of displayed screen (2-digit or 4-digit hexadecimal)
NT20M, NT2000M:
00: No display
01 to FA_H: Screen #1 to #250

NT600M:

0000: No display 0001 to 03E8_H: Screen #1 to #1000

Description

The specified screen is displayed on the PT when a screen# is sent from the host computer with this command.

5-1-2 Request Screen Number

Format

| [ESC] | х |
|-------|----|
| 1B | 58 |

Description

Enquires what number screen is displayed on the PT. The PT returns the number of the displayed screen using the Screen Number Response Command (refer to *5-2-1 Screen Number Response*).

5-1-3 Write Character-string Memory Table

Format

| [ESC] | В | n ₁ | n ₂ | d ₁ | d ₂ | C ₁ | c ₂ | c ₃ | c _n |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 1B | 42 | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * |

n₁n₂: Character string length as a number of normal characters (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M, NT2000M: 01 to 20_H (1 to 32)

NT600M: 01 to $28_{\rm H}$ (1 to 40)

d1d2: Character-string memory table address of write destination (2-digit hexadecimal)

| | NT20M, NT2000M: 00 to 1F _H (0 to 31) NT600M: 00 to FF _H (0 to 255) |
|-------------|---|
| | c1c2c3 to cn: Character-string data |
| Description | Writes the character-string data to the character-string memory table. The character-string data can contain a mixture of normal alphanumeric charac- ters and marks. When determining the character string length, count each mark as two normal characters. |
| Caution | If the actual character string is longer than the specified character string length, the specified number of characters is written and the remainder are discarded. A timeout error message is displayed if the actual character string is shorter than the specified character string length. |

5-1-4 4-digit Write Numeral Table

Format

| [ESC] | С | d ₁ | d ₂ | f ₁ | n ₁ | n ₂ | n ₃ | n ₄ |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1B | 43 | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * |

d1d2: Numeral table address of write destination (2-digit hexadecimal)
 NT20M, NT2000M: 00 to 7F_H (0 to 127)
 NT600M: 00 to FF_H (0 to 255)

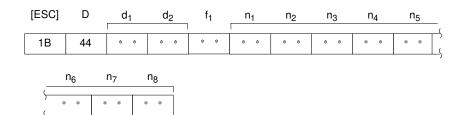
 $f_1: + (2B_H) \text{ or } - (2D_H) \text{ sign}$

n₁**n**₂**n**₃**n**₄: Number data (4-digit BCD)

DescriptionWrites the 4-digit decimal number data to the specified numeral table.
Always include a + or - sign with the number data.
The least-significant 4 digits of the display are overwritten if 4-digit number data
is written to an 8-digit display.

5-1-5 8-digit Write Numeral Table

Format



d₁d₂: Numeral table address of write destination (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M, NT2000M: 00 to 7F_H (0 to 127) NT600M: 00 to FF_H (0 to 255)

 $f_1: + (2B_H) \text{ or } - (2D_H) \text{ sign}$

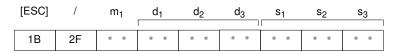
n₁n₂n₃n₄n₅n₆n₇n₈: Number data (8-digit BCD)

Description

Writes the 8-digit decimal number data to the specified numeral table. Always include a + or - sign with the number data.

5-1-6 Copy Memory Table

Format



- **m₁:** Type of memory table
 - 0 (30_H): Character-string memory table
 - 1 (31_H): numeral table
- d1d2d3: Copy source memory table address (see table below)

s₁**s**₂**s**₃: Copy destination memory table address (see table below)

| Model | Character-string memory table address | Numeral table address |
|----------------|--|--------------------------|
| NT20M, NT2000M | 000 to 031 (3-digit BCD) | 000 to 127 (3-digit BCD) |
| NT600M | 000 to 255 (3-digit BCD) | 000 to 255 (3-digit BCD) |

Description

Copies the contents of the copy source memory table to the copy destination memory table. The memory table contents are copied to a memory table of the same type: character-string memory table to character-string memory table or numeral table to numeral table.

5-1-7 Lamp and Touch Switch Display (Bit Specification)

Format

| [ESC] | К | m0 ₁ | m0 ₂ | m1 ₁ | m1 ₂ | m2 ₁ | m2 ₂ | m3 ₁ | m3 ₂ | [CR] |
|-------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| 1B | 4B | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | OD |

m0 to m3: Specification of lamps and touch switches (2-digit hexadecimal) The correspondence of the lamp and touch switch numbers to the bit representation in m0 to m3 is shown in the following table.

| Parameter | mx ₁ | | | | | m | x ₂ | |
|-----------|-----------------|----|----|----|----|----|----------------|----|
| | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| m0 | 07 | 06 | 05 | 04 | 03 | 02 | 01 | 00 |
| m1 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 09 | 08 |
| m2 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| m3 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |

Bit ON: Lamp or touch switch lights (or flashes)

Bit OFF: Lamp or touch switch does not light (flash)

Example

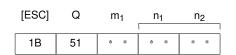
To light lamps and touch switch numbers 1, 5, 6, 7, and 26, $m0_1$, $m0_2$, $m1_1$, $m1_2$, $m2_1$, $m2_2$, $m3_1$, $m3_2$ = E2000004

Description

Changes the lamp or touch switch lighting status. The Support Tool sets if the lamp corresponding to a bit lights continuously or flashes.

5-1-8 Lamp and Touch Switch Display (Address Specification)

Format



m1: Display status

| m ₁ | NT20M, NT2000M, NT600M |
|----------------------|--|
| 0 (30 _H) | Not lit (normal display) |
| 1 (31 _H) | Lit |
| 2 (32 _H) | Flashing inverse (lamps) Lit (touch switches) |
| 3 (33 _H) | All not lit |

| | n₁n₂: Lamp or touch switch address (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M, NT2000M, NT600M: 00 to FF _H (0 to 255) |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Changes the lamp or touch switch lighting status. Specify the display status as 3 (all not lit) to turn off all the lamps and touch switches. In this case, specify the lamp or touch switch number to any number in the permitted range. |
| Caution | The display attributes set with the Support Tool determine if lamps #0 to #111 light continuously or flash. The display status set with this command is ignored. |

5-1-9 Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Enquiry

Format

| [ESC] | R | n ₁ | n ₂ |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|
| 1B | 52 | * * | * * |

. .

n₁n₂: Lamp or touch switch address (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M, NT2000M, NT600M: 00 to FF_H (0 to 255)

Description

Enquires the status of a lamp or touch switch specified by its address. The PT returns the Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Response Command (refer to 5-2-8 Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Response) to report the display status.

5-1-10 Touch Switch and Function Key Disable

Format

| | [ESC] | U | m ₁ | | | |
|---|-------|----|----------------|--|--|--|
| | 1B | 55 | * * | | | |
| m ₁ : Type of switch to be disabled | | | | | | |

0 (30_H): Touch switches and function keys

- 1 (31_H): Function keys
- 2 (32_H): Touch switches

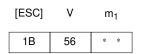
Description Disables touch switch and function key input and notification to the host computer.

Comment

Use the Touch Switch and Function Key Enable Command (refer to 5-1-11 Touch Switch and Function Key Enable) to use a disabled touch switch or function key again. Disabled touch switches and function keys are also enabled when the PT power is turned off.

5-1-11 Touch Switch and Function Key Enable

Format



m₁: Type of switch to be enabled

- 0 (30_H): Touch switches and function keys
- 1 (31_H): Function keys
- $2(32_{\rm H})$: Touch switches

Description

Enables input and notification to the host computer of a disabled touch switch or function key.

Comment

Disabled touch switches and function keys are also enabled when the PT power is turned off.

5-1-12 Backlight Color Switching (NT20M, NT2000M)

Format

| | | [ESC] | 0 | m ₁ | |
|-----------------------|--|-----------|---------|------------------------------------|----|
| | | 1B | 4F | * * | |
| | m₁: Backlight color 0 (30 _H): white 1 (31 _H): red | | | | |
| Description | Controls the backlight color. | | | | |
| Caution | This command is only valid f NT20M-DT131 NT20M-DN131 NT2000M-DT131 NT2000M-DN131 | for the f | ollowin | g PTs: | |
| 5-1-13 Screen Display | / Control | | | | |
| Format | | | | | |
| | | [ESC] | Р | m ₁ | |
| | | 1B | 50 | * * | |
| | m₁: Display on or off 0 (30 _H): on 1 (31 _H): off | | | | |
| Description | Turns off the backlighting of l display of EL model PTs. | LCD an | d color | LCD model PTs; turns off the entit | re |
| Comment | This command can be used as a screen saver. The screen is re-displayed when a key or switch is operated. The specified screen is displayed when the when the Display Specified Screen Command (refer to <i>5-1-1 Display Specified Screen</i>) is transferred. | | | ∍n | |
| 5-1-14 Buzzer Contro | I | | | | |

Format

| | 1B 54 * * | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| | m₁: Buzzer status 0 (30_H): Buzzer off 1 (31_H): Continuous buzzer 2 (32_H): Short intermittent buzzer | | |
| Description | Controls the PT buzzer. | | |
| Comment | The buzzer turned on with this command can be stopped with a stop command, by pressing the PT Buzzer Key, or by displaying a screen with no buzzer attributes. | | |

5-1-15 Mode Switch Enable

Format

| [ESC] | W | m ₁ |
|-------|----|----------------|
| 1B | 57 | * * |

[ESC] T

 m_1

m1: Mode switching enabled/disabled (NT20M, NT2000M, NT600M)

- 0 (30_H): Enabled
- 1 (31_H): Disabled

Description

When mode switching is enabled for the NT20M, NT2000M, or NT600M with this command, the System Menu can be displayed and the Run mode or Maintain mode can be selected from the menu to switch the operating mode. When mode switching is disabled, the System Menu can be displayed but the mode cannot be switched from it.

The DIP switch (SW1-6) settings are valid after the PT is turned on or reset.

5-1-16 PT Battery Status Enquiry

Format

| [ESC] | Z |
|-------|----|
| 1B | 5A |

Description

Determines if the built-in PT battery voltage is low. The PT returns the PT Battery Status Response Command (see 5-2-9 PT Battery Status Response) to report the battery status.

5-1-17 Initialize Display History



Description

Deletes the entire contents of the display history.

5-1-18 Alarm Output Control

Format

| [ESC] | ۸ | m ₁ |
|-------|----|----------------|
| 1B | 5E | * * |

m1: Turns the alarm output bit on and off.

0 (30_H): off 1 (31_H): on

Description

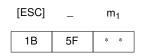
Turns the PT alarm output bit on and off.

Comment

The alarm turned on with this command can be stopped with a stop command.

5-1-19 Display Mode Control (NT600M)

Format



m1: Display mode

0 (30_H): Normal display (white)

1 (31_H): Inverse display (black)

Controls the LCD display mode.

Caution

This command is only valid for the following PTs: NT600M-DT122 NT600M-DF122

5-2 Commands Sent by the PT

The operating commands sent by the PT to the host computer are described below.

5-2-1 Screen Number Response

Format

| [ESC] | Y | m ₁ | m ₁ m ₂ | | m ₄) | [CR] |
|-------|----|----------------|-------------------------------|-----|------------------|------|
| | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 |
| 1B | 59 | * * | * * | * * | * * | OD |

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{m_1m_2 (m_3m_4):} & \text{Number of displayed screen (2-digit or 4-digit hexadecimal)} \\ & \text{NT20M, NT2000M: 00 to FA}_{H} \ (0 \ to \ 250) \\ & \text{NT600M: 0000 to } 03E8_{H} \ (0 \ to \ 1,000) \\ \end{array}$

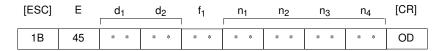
Description

The PT returns this command to report the currently displayed screen number to the host computer in response to the Request Screen Number Command (refer to *5-1-2 Request Screen Number*) sent from the host computer.

The new screen number is reported to the host computer with this command after the displayed screen is switched with the Stand-alone functions (screen switch function).

5-2-2 4-digit Number Input Notify

Format



$$f_1: + (2B_H) \text{ or } - (2D_H) \text{ sign}$$

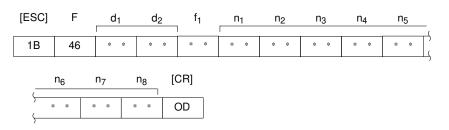
n₁**n**₂**n**₃**n**₄: Input number data (4-digit BCD)

Description

A number with 4 transferred digits set with the PT number setting function is reported to the host computer with this command.

5-2-3 8-digit Number Input Notify

Format



- d₁d₂: Numeral table address to which number was input (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M: 00 to 7F_H NT600M: 00 to FF_H
- $f_1: + (2B_H) \text{ or } (2D_H) \text{ sign}$

n₁**n**₂**n**₃**n**₄**n**₅**n**₆**n**₇**n**₈: Input number data (8-digit BCD)

Description A number with 8 transferred digits set with the PT number setting function is reported to the host computer with this command.

[ESC]

G

m₁

[CR]

 m_2

5-2-4 Function Key Number Output

Format

| | 1B 47 * * * OD | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|
| | m₁m₁: Pressed function key number (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M, NT2000M, NT600M: 00 to 0B_H, 11 to 3F_H | |
| Description | If the Screen Attribute "bit-input-disable" screen is displayed, th number corresponding to a pressed function key or input to an in reported to the host computer with this command. | |
| Caution | The permitted range of function key numbers depends on the typ nected, as follows: 10/02 Terminal: 0 to 9 32/16 Terminal: 0 to 11, 16 to 31 12-key Function Key Unit: 0 to 11 | be of Unit con- |
| Comment | If more than one of the Unit input terminals is turned ON, the num terminal to turn ON is notified. Function keys allocated as keys on a numeric keypad are not noti- are pressed for number setting. | |

5-2-5 Touch Switch Number Output

Format

| | | [ESC] H | m ₁ n | n ₂ [CR] | |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|---|
| | | 1B 48 | * * * | * OD | |
| | | d touch switch , NT2000M, N | · · | • | , |
| Description | | | | | red, the touch key num- the host computer with |
| Comment | pressed is notified. | d as keys on a | | | of the first touch switch not notified when they |

5-2-6 Function Key Bit Output

Format

| [ESC] | T | s0 ₁ | s0 ₂ | s1 ₁ | s1 ₂ | s2 ₁ | s2 ₂ | s3 ₁ | s3 ₂ | [CR] |
|-------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| 1B | 49 | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | OD |

s0 to s3: Function key status (2-digit hexadecimal)

The correspondence between the bit representation in s0 to s3 and the function key number is shown in the following table.

| Parameter | | S | x ₁ | | | sx ₂ | | | |
|-----------|----|-------|----------------|-------------|----|-----------------|----|----|--|
| | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| s0 | 07 | 06 | 05 | 04 | 03 | 02 | 01 | 00 | |
| s1 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 09 | 08 | |
| s2 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | |
| s3 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | |
| | | Bit C | ON: Function | ı key is ON | | | | | |

Bit OFF: Function key is OFF

Example

Function keys number 5, 6, 29, 31 are ON s0₁s0₂s1₁s1₂s2₁s2₂s3₁s3₂ = 600000A0

Description

This command is used by the DF type PTs and some DN type PTs. If the Screen Attribute (bit input/function key) screen is displayed, the change in the bit status corresponding to a pressed function key or the change of status of an input terminal is reported to the host computer with this command.

The host computer is notified each time a function key or input terminal ON/OFF status changes.

Comment

Function keys allocated as keys on a numeric keypad are not notified when they are pressed for number setting.

5-2-7 Touch Switch Bit Output

Format

| [| ESC] | J | s0 ₁ | s0 ₂ | s1 ₁ | s1 ₂ | s2 ₁ | s2 ₂ | s31 | s3 ₂ | [CR] |
|---|------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|------|
| | 1B | 4A | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | OD |

s0 to s3: Touch switch status (2-digit hexadecimal)

The correspondence between the bit representation in s0 to s3 and the touch switch number is shown in the following table.

| Parameter | | S | x ₁ | | | S | к ₂ | |
|-----------|----|----|----------------|----|----|----|----------------|----|
| | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| s0 | 07 | 06 | 05 | 04 | 03 | 02 | 01 | 00 |
| s1 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 09 | 08 |
| s2 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 |
| s3 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |

Bit ON: Touch switch is ON

Bit OFF: Touch switch is OFF

Example

Touch switch numbers 0, 3, 21, 27 are ON $s0_1s0_2s1_1s1_2s2_1s2_2s3_1s3_2 = 09002008$

Description

If the Screen Attribute "bit input/touch switch" screen is displayed, the change in the bit status corresponding to a pressed touch switch is reported to the host computer with this command.

The host computer is notified each time a touch switch status changes.

5-2-8 Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Response

Format



m1: Display status

| m ₁ | NT20M, NT600M |
|----------------------|--|
| 0 (30 _H) | Not lit (normal display) |
| 1 (31 _H) | Lit |
| 2 (32 _H) | Flashing inverse (lamps) Lit (touch switches) |

n₁n₂: Lamp or touch switch address (2-digit hexadecimal) NT20M, NT2000M, NT600M: 00 to FF_H (0 to 255)

Description

status to the host computer in response to the Lamp and Touch Switch Display Status Enquiry Command (see *5-1-9*) sent from the host computer.

The PT returns this command to report the lamp or touch switch number display

Caution

Lamps 0 to 31 are reported as being lit when in the "flashing inverse" status.

5-2-9 PT Battery Status Response

Format

| [ESC] | [| m ₁ m ₂ | | m1m2 [C | | [CR] |
|-------|----|-------------------------------|-----|---------|--|------|
| 1B | 5B | * * | * * | OD | | |

01: Low voltage

Description

The PT returns this command to report the battery voltage status to the host computer in response to the PT Battery Status Enquiry Command (refer 5-1-16 PT Battery Status Enquiry) sent from the host computer.

SECTION 6 Terminal Commands

This section describes the functions of the terminal commands and how to use them. Terminal commands allow the display of information from the host computer as text and graphics, independently of the screens stored in the PT.

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6-1 Terminal Commands

Note All data values must be sent in ASCII code.

Example:

| | 2-bit hexadecimal 5A _H → ³ ³ ⁵ 41 | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | |
| 6-1-1 Clear Screen | | | | |
| | [ESC] & | | | |
| | 1B 26 | | | |
| Description | Clears all text and graphics on the PT screen. | | | |
| Comment | After the display of number, text, lamps or touch switches is upgraded, only the upgraded parts are re-displayed. | | | |
| 6-1-2 Character Spe | ecify Size | | | |
| Format | | | | |
| | [ESC]) m ₁ | | | |
| | 1B 29 * * | | | |
| | m ₁ : Character size 0 (30 _H): Normal size, 16 x 8 dots (H x W) 1 (31 _H): 1/2 size, 8 x 8 dots (H x W) | | | |
| Description | Specifies if 1-byte alphanumeric characters sent subsequently are displayed as normal characters or 1/2-size characters. | | | |
| Comment | The character string is specified with the Specify Displayed Characters Com- mand (refer to <i>6-1-10 Specify Displayed Characters</i>). Both normal characters and 1/2-size characters are enlarged as specified by the Specify Character En- largement Command (refer to <i>6-1-3 Specify Character Enlargement</i> below). The character size specified with this command remains valid until the screen display is switched or another character size is specified with the command. The default character size is normal characters. | | | |

6-1-3 Specify Character Enlargement

Format

| [ESC] | * | m ₁ |
|-------|----|----------------|
| 1B | 2A | * * |

- **m₁:** Character enlargement
 - 0 (30_H): No enlargement
 - 1 (31_H): Enlarge height
 - 2 (32_H): Enlarge width

 m_1

 m_2

| | 3 (33_{H}) : 2 x 2 enlargement 4 (34_{H}) : 3 x 3 times enlargement 5 (35_{H}) : 4 x 4 times enlargement 6 (36_{H}) : 8 x 8 times enlargement (NT600M) | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Description | All text and marks sent after this command are displayed in the specified size. | | |
| Comment | The character string is specified with the Specify Displayed Characters Com- mand(refer to 6-1-10 Specify Displayed Characters). The enlargement specified with this command remains valid until the screen dis- play is switched or another enlargement is specified with the command. The de- fault enlargement is no enlargement. | | |
| 6-1-4 Normal Displa | l y | | |
| Format | | | |
| | [ESC] ! | | |
| | 1B 21 | | |
| Description | Cancels all display attribute settings(inverse, flashing, flashing inverse) for char- acters and marks so that all characters are displayed as "normal" characters | | |

(not inverse or flashing).

6-1-5 Set Inverse Display

Format

| [ESC] | " |
|-------|----|
| 1B | 22 |

DescriptionSets the display attribute to inverse so that all characters and marks sent subsequently are highlighted. Other attributes remain unchanged.CommentThe Set Inverse Display Command is cancelled by the End Inverse Display
Command or the Normal Display Command.
The setting with this command remains valid until the screen display is switched
or another display attribute setting is made. The default display attributes are set
to a normal display when a screen is initially displayed.
Use this command with the Set Flashing Display Command (refer 6-1-7 Set
Flashing Display) to produce a flashing inverse display.

6-1-6 End Inverse Display

Format

| | [ESC] # | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| | 1B 23 | | | |
| Description | Clears the inverse display attribute so that all characters and marks sent subse- quently are not highlighted. Other attributes remain unchanged. | | | |
| Comment | The inverse display attribute is set with the Set Inverse Display Command. The setting with this command remains valid until the screen display is switched or another display attribute setting is made. The default display attributes are set to a normal display when a screen is initially displayed. | | | |

6-1-7 Set Flashing Display

Format



| Terminal Commands | Section 6-1 |
|-------------------|--|
| Description | Sets the display attribute to flashing so that all characters and marks sent subse- quently are displayed flashing. Other attributes remain unchanged. |
| Comment | The Set Flashing Display Command is cancelled by the End Flashing Display Command or the Normal Display Command (refer to <i>6-1-4 Normal Display</i> and <i>6-1-8 End Flashing Display</i>). The setting with this command remains valid until the screen display is switched or another display attribute setting is made. The default display attributes are set to a normal display when a screen is initially displayed. Use this command with the Set Inverse Display Command (refer to <i>6-1-5 Set Inverse Display</i>) to produce a flashing inverse display. |

6-1-8 End Flashing Display

Format

| [ESC] | % |
|-------|----|
| 1B | 25 |

| Description | Clears the flashing display attribute so that all characters and marks sent subse- quently are not flashing. Other attributes remain unchanged. |
|-------------|---|
| Comment | The flashing display attribute is set with the Set Flashing Display Command. The setting with this command remains valid until the screen display is switched or another display attribute setting is made. The default display attributes are set to a normal display when a screen is initially displayed. |

6-1-9 Set Cursor Position

Format



x₁x₂x₃: X coordinate (3-digit BCD) y₁y₂y₃: Y coordinate (3-digit BCD)

Description

| Model | X coordinate | Y coordinate |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| NT20M, NT2000M | 000 to 255 | 000 to 127 |
| NT600M | 000 to 639 | 000 to 399 |

Before displaying a character string with the Terminal commands, use this command to set the bottom-left point of the first character to be displayed.

Comment

The cursor position set with this command is also the bottom-left point of the first character displayed if the displayed characters are enlarged.

6-1-10 Specify Displayed Characters

Format



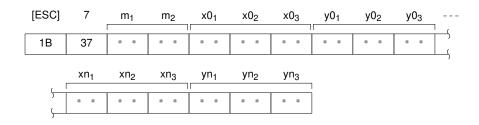
n1n2: Character string length as a number of normal characters (2-digit hexadecimal)

NT20M, NT2000M: 01 to 20_H (1 to 32) NT600M: 01 to 50_H (1 to 80)

| | c₁c₂c₃ to c_n: Character-string to display |
|-------------|--|
| Description | The character string is displayed from the cursor position. The character-string data can contain a mixture of normal (alphanumeric) char- acters and marks. Refer to <i>Appendix D Special Characters</i> for details. The character string is displayed according to the enlargement and display at- tributes set with commands. |
| Comment | The character string continues on the next line if it cannot fit into a single line. Set the position where the character string is displayed with the Set Cursor Posi- tion Command (refer to 6-1-9 Set Cursor Position). |

6-1-11 Draw Polyline

Format



m1, m2: Number of lines to draw (2-digit hexadecimal) 01 to 28_H (1 to 40)

x0₁x0₂x0₃ to xn₁xn₂xn₃: X coordinates of line end points (3-digit BCD)

y01y02y03 to yn1yn2yn3: Y coordinates of line end points (3-digit BCD)

| Model | X coordinate | Y coordinate |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| NT20M, NT2000M | 000 to 255 | 000 to 127 |
| NT600M | 000 to 639 | 000 to 399 |

Description

Draws the specified number of lines between the specified points.

6-1-12 Draw Circle

Format

| [ESC | 8 | x ₁ | x ₂ | x ₃ | У1 | У2 | Уз | r ₁ | r ₂ | r ₃ |
|------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| 1B | 38 | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * | * * |

x₁x₂x₃: X coordinate of circle center (3-digit BCD)

y₁y₂y₃: Y coordinate of circle center (3-digit BCD)

| Model | X coordinate | Y coordinate |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| NT20M, NT2000M | 000 to 255 | 000 to 127 |
| NT600M | 000 to 639 | 000 to 399 |

r₁**r**₂**r**₃: circle radius in dots (3-digit BCD) NT20M, NT2000M: 001 to 063 NT600M: 001 to 199

Draws a circle of the specified radius around the circle center point.

SECTION 7 Online Transfer Commands

This section describes the functions of the online transfer commands to transfer screen and memory table data between the host computer and PT. The commands cannot be used with PTs fitted with an EPROM or EEPROM image memory.

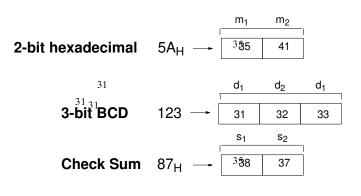
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Section 7-2

7-1 Commands to Start and End Online Transfer

Note All data values must be sent in ASCII code.

Example:



7-1-1 Online Transfer Start

Format

| Description | Notifies the PT that online transfer has started. When the PT receives this command it interrupts Run operation and stands by to receive commands from the host computer (Online Transfer mode). |
|-------------|--|
| Caution | An error occurs if the PT receives no further command within 5 seconds of re- ceiving this command. An error message is displayed on the screen and the buzzer sounds. Refer to the PT manual for details. |

7-1-2 Online Transfer End

Format

| [ESC] | у | s ₁ | s ₂ | [CR] |
|-------|----|----------------|---------------------|------|
| 1B | 79 | 38 37 | 37 37897 737 | OD |

[ESC]

х

1B 78

s₁s₂: Checksum (fixed as 87_H)

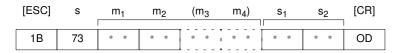
Description

Notifies the PT that online transfer has ended. When the PT receives this command it exits the Online Transfer mode and recommences Run operation.

7-2 Commands to Set Transfer from PT to Host Computer

7-2-1 Specify Transfer Screen Number (Host Computer to PT)

Format



m₁m₂ (m₃m₄): Screen number to send from the PT NT20M: 00_H All screens 01 to FA_H (2-digit hexadecimal) NT600M: 0000_H All screens 0001 to 03E8_H (4-digit hexadecimal) s1s2: Checksum (2-digit hexadecimal)

Description

The host computer specifies the screen number of the screen to be sent from the PT with this command. After this command is executed, the PT notifies the screen number to be sent to the host computer with the Transfer Screen Number Notify Command (refer to 7-3-1 Transfer Screen Number Notify) before sending the screen data with the Transfer Data Command (refer to 7-4-1 Transfer Data).

7-2-2 Specify Transfer Non-screen Data (Host Computer to PT)

Format

| [ESC] | u | m ₁ | s ₁ | s ₂ | [CR] |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| 1B | 75 | * * | * * | * * | OD |

- m1: Type of data sent from the PT
 - 0 (30_H): System memory

1 (31_H): Number, character-string memory table data

- 2 (32_H): Mark data
- 4 (34_H): Display history data (by sequence)
- 5 (35_H): Display history data (by frequency)

s₁s₂: Checksum (2-digit hexadecimal)

Description

The host computer specifies the type of data to be sent from the PT with this command. After this command is executed, the PT returns the type of data to the host computer with the Transfer Non-screen Data Notify Command (refer to *7-3-2 Transfer Non-screen Data Notify*) before sending the data with the Transfer Data Command (refer to *7-4-1 Transfer Data*).

7-3 Commands to Notify the Data Type

[ESC]

7-3-1 Transfer Screen Number Notify (PT to Host Computer)

r

 m_1

 m_2

(m₃

m₄)

n₁

 n_2

n₃

n₄

Format

| | 1B 72 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | | |
| | m₁m₂ (m₃m₄): Transferred screen number NT20M: 01 _H to FA _H (2-digit hexadecimal) NT600M: 0001 _H to 03E8 _H (4-digit hexadecimal) | | | | | |
| | n ₁ n ₂ n ₃ n ₄ : Data length (number of screen data bytes transferred) (4-digit hex- adecimal) | | | | | |
| | s₁s₂: Checksum (2-digit hexadecimal) | | | | | |
| Description | The data transmitting station notifies the receiving station of the screen number and the number of bytes to be sent. After this command is executed, the screen data is sent with the Transfer Data Command (refer to 7-4-1 Transfer Data). | | | | | |
| | The data length includes all bytes in the transferred data. | | | | | |
| Caution | When screen data is transferred to the PT, the transferred data overwrites exist- ing screen data stored under the same screen number. | | | | | |

[CR]

s₂

7-3-2 Transfer Non-screen Data Notify (PT to Host Computer)

[ESC]

t

Format

| | | | | _ | | | 1 | | |
|--|---|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|--|--|
| | | 1B | 74 | * * | * * | * * | OD | | |
| m1: Transferred data type 0 (30_H): System memory 1 (31_H): Number, character-string memory table data 2 (32_H): Mark data 4 (34_H): Display history data (by sequence) (see note) 5 (35_H): Display history data (by frequency) (see note) Note Valid only for transfer from PT to host computer. | | | | | | | | | |
| s ₁ s ₂ : | s₁s₂: Checksum (2-digit hexadecimal) | | | | | | | | |
| The data transmitting station notifies the receiving station of the type of data sent. After this command is executed, the data is sent with the Transfer Data Command (refer to <i>7-4-1 Transfer Data</i>). | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

m₁

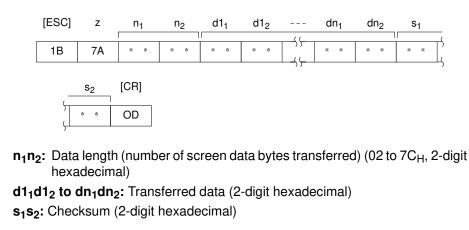
S₁

7-4 Commands to Transfer Data and Notify Results

7-4-1 Transfer Data

Format

Description



Description

Transfers the specified data length of data. A maximum of 124 bytes can be transferred by this command. Execute this command repeatedly to transfer data exceeding 124 bytes in length. Data must be transferred in a format as an even number of bytes. Divide data longer than 124 bytes into packets containing even numbers of bytes. If the data contains an odd number of bytes, append 00_H to produce an even number of bytes. When long data is divided for transmission, append 00_H to the final data packet only.

7-4-2 Acknowledged

Format

| [ESC] | } | s ₁ | s ₂ | [CR] |
|-------|----|----------------|----------------|------|
| 1B | 7D | 38 | 33 | OD |



Description

Notifies that data transmission was completed normally.

7-4-3 Not-Acknowledged

Format

| | | [ESC] ~ | m ₁ | s ₁ | s ₂ | [CR] |
|-------------|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| | | 1B 7E | * * | * * | * * | OD |
| | $F0_H$: Memory $F1_H$: Common $F2_H$: Common $F3_H$: Procement $F3_H$: Check $F4_H$: Check | nand error 1 nand error 2 ess interrupted ksum error en data memo | ry error | | | |
| Description | Notifies that an error occurred during data transmission. | | | | | |
| Caution | If the number of data bits is set to 7 bits, error codes $F0_H$ to $F9_H$ sent from the PT are received by the host computer as 70_H to 79_H . Refer to Checksum when Using the Online Transfer Command (refer to Section 7 Online Transfer Commands) for information about calculating the checksum. | | | | | |

Configuration of Display History Data 7-5

Each record is made up of 54 bytes (27 columns) of data, as follows:

$n_1n_2n_3n_4 t_1t_2 c1_1c1_2 to c24_1c24_2$

Screen number (4-digit hexadecimal) n₁n₂n₃n₄: NT20M: 0001 to 00FA_H NT600M: 0001 to 03E8_H

t1t2: Number of times occurred (2-digit hexadecimal)

c11c12 to c241c242: Messages (2-digit hexadecimal) Character code 48 bytes (24 columns) in total

SECTION 8 Sample Programs

This section provides some sample programs using the Transfer commands. Refer to these sample programs for actual information on using the commands.

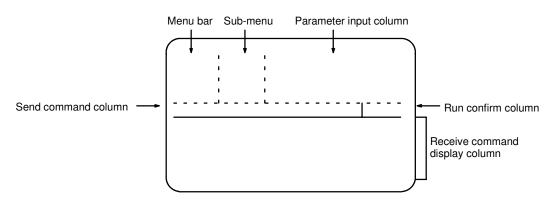
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|-----|----------|---------|----|
| | | | 56 |
| 8-2 | Program | | 57 |

8-1 Key to Programs

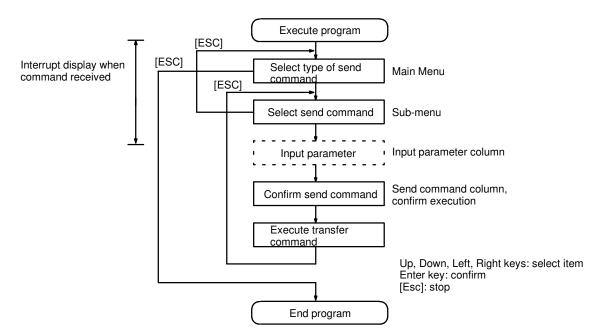
The following programs include all the commands that can be used with the the NT600M.

8-1-1 Use of Programs

The sample program appears as follows on the screen.



Use the program as shown below.



Note 1. Modify this program for use with a PT other than the NT600M.

- 2. This sample program is written in N88 BASIC (86) (NEC) for a PC-9801 computer. Modify this program for use with any other computer language or computer such as an IBM PC/AT or compatible.
- 3. The interval between parameter input and command transmission is a hold interval for interrupt processing of the received command. If an interrupt is permitted between the interval of parameter input and a command is received, all subsequent receive interrupts are displaced. If this occurs, send an enquiry command to read all the accumulated receive data.
- 4. When a parameter is input, no check is made that the parameter is in the permitted range. Make sure that parameters are input within the permitted range.

8-2 Program

```
1010 ' * Transfer/Receive Command Sample Program
1030 / ----Draw screen frame
1040 SECT=5
1050 DIM CMND$(SECT, 10, 1), CMND(SECT), TS.B(31)
1060 SCREEN 3:CLS 3:CONSOLE 11,25,0,0
1070 LINE (0,136)-(639,136),7,,&HF0F0
1080 LINE (120,0)-(120,136),7,,&HF0F0
1090 LINE (248,0)-(248,136),7,,&HF0F0
1100 LINE (520,136)-(520,168),7,,&HF0F0
1110 LINE (0,168)-(639,169),7,B
1120 CMND(0)=SECT ' -----Set display character strings
1130 FOR I=1 TO SECT
1140
      READ CMND(0, I, 0)
1150 NEXT I
1160 FOR I=1 TO SECT
1170 READ CMND(I)
1180 FOR J=1 TO CMND(I)
1190
        READ CMND(I,J,0), CMND(I,J,1)
1200
      NEXT J
1210 NEXT I
1220 '
1230 RY=11
1240 ON COM(1) GOSUB *RECV ' -----Set receive interrupt routine
1250 OPEN "COM1:E72NN" AS #1 ' -----Open communication port
1260 COM(1) ON
1270 ′
1280 *LV0 / -----Main Menu
1290 LV=0:SECT.NO=0:SEL.NO=1
1300 GOSUB *SELECT
1310 IF SEL.NO=0 THEN GOTO *PRO.END
1320 SECT.NO=SEL.NO
1330 ′
1340 *LV1 / ____Sub-menu
1350 LV=1:SEL.NO=1
1360 GOSUB *SELECT
1370 IF SEL.NO=0 THEN GOTO *LV0
1380 *LV2 ' -----Branch according to command (parameter input)
1390 COM(1) STOP
1400 LV=2:SEND$=CMND$(SECT.NO,SEL.NO,1)
1410 *SECT1
1420 IF SECT.NO<>1 THEN GOTO *SECT2
1430
     ON SEL.NO GOSUB *ESC.0,*ESC.X
1440 *SECT2
1450 IF SECT.NO<>2 THEN GOTO *SECT3
1460
     ON SEL.NO GOSUB *ESC.B,*ESC.C,*ESC.D,*ESC.2F
1470 *SECT3
1480 IF SECT.NO<>3 THEN GOTO *SECT4
1490 ON SEL.NO GOSUB *ESC.U, *ESC.V
1500 *SECT4
1510 IF SECT.NO<>4 THEN GOTO *SECT5
      ON SEL.NO GOSUB *ESC.Q, *ESC.K, *ESC.R
1520
1530 *SECT5
```

```
1540 IF SECT.NO<>5 THEN GOTO *LV2.END
1550 ON SEL.NO GOSUB *ESC.T,*ESC.5E,*ESC.5D,*ESC.Z,*ESC.5F,*ESC.W,*ESC.P
1560 *LV2.END ' -----Confirm transmission
1570 LOCATE 0,9:PRINT SEND$;
1580 LOCATE 66,9:PRINT "OK?";
1590 YN=1
1600 *YN.KY.IN
1610 LOCATE 74,9:COLOR 2+2*YN:PRINT "Y ";:COLOR 2-2*YN:PRINT "N ";
1620 A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN *YN.KY.IN
1630 IF A$=CHR$(&H1C) OR A$=CHR$(&H1D) THEN YN=YN*(-1):GOTO *YN.KY.IN
1640 IF A$<>CHR$(&HD) THEN GOTO *YN.KY.IN
1650 LOCATE 66,9:COLOR 0:PRINT SPACE$(14);
1660 IF YN=-1 THEN GOTO *LV3.END
1670 GOSUB *SEND / -----Send command
1680 COM(1) ON
1690 LOCATE 32,7:COLOR 4:PRINT "Press ESC Key";:COLOR 0
1700 *SND.KY.IN
1710 A$=INKEY$:IF A$<>CHR$(&H1B) THEN *SND.KY.IN
1720 *LV3.END
1730 LOCATE 0,9:PRINT SPACE$(79);
1740 FOR I=0 TO 7
1750
      LOCATE 32, I: PRINT SPACE$(48);
1760 NEXT I
1770 GOTO *LV1 / -----Return to Sub-menu
1780 ′
1790 *PRO.END ' -----End routine
1800 COM(1) OFF:CLOSE ' -----Close communication port
1810 CONSOLE 0,25,0,1:CLS 3
1820 END
1830 ′
1840 *SEND / -----Send command routine
1850 SND$=CHR$(&H1B)+MID$(SEND$,6)
1860 PRINT #1, SND$
1870 RETURN
1880 '
1890 *RECV / -----Receive interrupt routine
1900 IF LOC(1)=0 THEN GOTO *NORCV
1910 SX=POS(0):SY=CSRLIN
1920 LINE INPUT #1,RCV$
1930 LOCATE 0,RY:COLOR 0
1940 PRINT "[ESC]";MID$(RCV$,2)
1950 R.CODE$=MID$(RCV$,2,1)
1960 *ESC.Y / -----Notify screen number
1970 IF R.CODE$<>"Y" THEN GOTO *ESC.E
1980 PRINT "Screen Number:"; VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3,4))
1990 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2000 *ESC.E / -----Notify 4-digit number
2010 IF R.CODE$<>"E" THEN GOTO *ESC.F
2020 PRINT "Numeral table #: "; VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3,2))
2030 PRINT "Input decimal value: "; VAL(MID$(RCV$,5,5))
2040 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2050 *ESC.F / -----Notify 8-digit number
2060 IF R.CODE$<>"F" THEN GOTO *ESC.H
2070 PRINT "Numeral table #:";VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3,2))
2080 PRINT "Input decimal value: "; VAL(MID$(RCV$,5,9))
2090 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
```

```
2100 *ESC.H ' -----Notify touch switch (number)
2110 IF R.CODE$<>"H" THEN GOTO *ESC.G
2120 PRINT "Pressed touch switch number:"; VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3,2))
2130 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2140 *ESC.G ' -----Notify function key (number)
2150 IF R.CODE$<>"G" THEN GOTO *ESC.I
2160 PRINT "Input function key number: "; VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3,2))
2170 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2180 *ESC.I / -----Notify function key bit
2190 IF R.CODE$<>"I" THEN GOTO *ESC.J
2200 PRINT "Input function key number:";
2210 FK=0
2220 FOR I=0 TO 3
2230 S=VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3+I*2,2))
2240 FOR J=O TO 7
2250
       IF (S MOD 2)=1 THEN PRINT FK;" ";
2260
         S=S\setminus2:FK=FK+1
2270 NEXT J,I
2280 PRINT:PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2290 *ESC.J ' -----Notify touch switch (bit)
2300 IF R.CODE$<>"J" THEN GOTO *ESC.S
2310 PRINT "Pressed touch switch number:";
2320 TS=0
2330 FOR I=0 TO 3
2340
     S=VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,3+I*2,2))
2350 FOR J=0 TO 7
2360
       IF (S MOD 2)=1 THEN PRINT TS;" ";
2370
         S=S\setminus2:TS=TS+1
2380 NEXT J,I
2390 PRINT:PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2400 *ESC.S ' -----Notify lamp and touch switch status
2410 IF R.CODE$<>"S" THEN GOTO *ESC.5B
2420 PRINT "Lamp/touch switch number:"; VAL("&H"+MID$(RCV$,4,2))
2430 M=VAL(MID$(RCV$,3,1))
2440 IF M=0 THEN M$="OFF" ELSE IF M=1 THEN M$="ON" ELSE M$="INVERSE"
2450 PRINT "Display status:";M$
2460 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2470 *ESC.5B / -----Notify internal status
2480 IF R.CODE$<>"[" THEN GOTO *RCV.ERR
2490 IF MID$(RCV$,3,2)="00" THEN M$="Voltage OK" ELSE M$="Voltage low"
2500 PRINT "Internal battery:";M$
2510 PRINT:GOTO *RCV.END
2520 '
2530 *RCV.ERR
2540 PRINT "Receive data error"
2550 PRINT
2560 '
2570 *RCV.END
2580 RY=CSRLIN
2590 LOCATE SX, SY
2600 *NORCV
2610 RETURN
2620 '
2630 *ESC.0 / -----Display specified screen
2640 LOCATE 32,0:INPUT "Screen number:";M
2650 M$=RIGHT$("000"+HEX$(M),4)
```

2660 SEND\$=SEND\$+M\$

```
2670 RETURN
2680 *ESC.X / -----Screen # enquiry
2690 RETURN
2700 *ESC.B / -----Write character screen
2710 LOCATE 32, 0: INPUT "Character-screen memory table number:";M
2720 LOCATE 32,1:INPUT "Write character string:",C$
2730 M$=RIGHT$("0"+HEX$(M),2)
2740 C$=LEFT$(C$,40):L$=RIGHT$("0"+HEX$(LEN(C$)),2)
2750 SEND$=SEND$+L$+M$+C$
2760 RETURN
2770 *ESC.C / -----Write 4-digit number
2780 LOCATE 32,0:INPUT "Numeral table #:",M
2790 LOCATE 32,1:INPUT "Write 1 to 4-digit number:",N%
2800 IF N%<-9999 OR N%>9999 THEN GOTO 2790
2810 IF N%<0 THEN S$="-" ELSE S$="+"
2820 M$=RIGHT$("0"+HEX$(M),2)
2830 N%=ABS(N%)
2840 N$=STR$(N%):N$=RIGHT$(N$,LEN(N$)-1):N$=RIGHT$("000"+N$,4)
2850 SEND$=SEND$+M$+S$+N$
2860 RETURN
2870 *ESC.D / _____Write 8-digit number
2880 LOCATE 32,0:INPUT "Numeral table #:",M
2890 LOCATE 32,1:INPUT "Write 1 to 8-digit number:", N#
2900 N#=INT(N#)
2910 IF N#<-99999999# OR N#>9999999# THEN GOTO 2890
2920 IF N#<0 THEN S$="-" ELSE S$="+"
2930 M$=RIGHT$("0"+HEX$(M),2)
2940 N#=ABS(N#)
2950 N$=STR$(N#):N$=RIGHT$(N$,LEN(N$)-1):N$=RIGHT$("0000000"+N$,8)
2960 SEND$=SEND$+M$+S$+N$
2970 RETURN
2980 *ESC.2F / -----Copy memory table
2990 LOCATE 32,0:INPUT "0:character string/1:number :",M$
3000 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" THEN 2990
3010 LOCATE 32,1:INPUT "Copy source memory table number:", S%
3020 LOCATE 32,2:INPUT "Copy destination memory table number:", D%
3030 S$=STR$(S%):S$=RIGHT$(S$,LEN(S$)-1):S$=RIGHT$("00"+S$,3)
3040 D$=STR$(D%):D$=RIGHT$(D$,LEN(D$)-1):D$=RIGHT$("00"+D$,3)
3050 SEND$=SEND$+M$+S$+D$
3060 RETURN
3070 *ESC.U / -----Disable inputs
3080 LOCATE 32,0:PRINT "Set disabled items"
3090 LOCATE 32, 1: PRINT " 0: Function key/touch switch"
3100 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:Function key only"
3110 LOCATE 32, 3: PRINT " 2: Touch switch only"
3120 LOCATE 32,4:INPUT ":",M$
3130 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" AND M$<>"2" THEN GOTO 3120
3140 SEND$=SEND$+M$
3150 RETURN
3160 *ESC.V / -----Enables inputs
3170 LOCATE 32,0:PRINT "Set enabled items"
3180 LOCATE 32, 1: PRINT " 0: Function key/touch switch"
3190 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:Function key only"
3200 LOCATE 32, 3: PRINT " 2: Touch switch only"
3210 LOCATE 32,4:INPUT ":",M$
```

```
3220 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" AND M$<>"2" THEN GOTO 3210
3230 SEND$=SEND$+M$
3240 RETURN
3250 *ESC.Q ' -----Display lamps and touch switches (number)
3260 LOCATE 32,0:PRINT "Display setting"
3270 LOCATE 32,1:PRINT " 0:OFF"
3280 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:ON"
3290 LOCATE 32, 3: PRINT " 2: Inverse flashing (lamps only)"
3300 LOCATE 32,4:PRINT " 3:All ON"
3310 LOCATE 32,5:INPUT ":",M$
3320 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" AND M$<>"2" AND M$<>"3" THEN GOTO 3310
3330 LOCATE 32, 6: INPUT "Lamp/touch switch number:", N
3340 N$=RIGHT$("0"+HEX$(N),2)
3350 SEND$=SEND$+M$+N$
3360 RETURN
3370 *ESC.K ' -----Display lamps and touch switches (bits)
3380 FOR I=0 TO 31:TS.B(I)=-1:NEXT I
3390 FOR I=0 TO 31
3400
       LOCATE 57-(I MOD 8)*3, I\8:PRINT RIGHT$(STR$(I),2)
3410 NEXT I
3420 LOCATE 32,4:PRINT "Input #: Inverse Input: Run input 99: Execute"
3430 *ESC.K.2
3440 COLOR 0:LOCATE 32,5:PRINT SPACE$(47)
3450 LOCATE 32,5:INPUT "Lamp/touch switch number:", N
3460 IF N=99 THEN GOTO *ESC.K.3
3470 IF N<0 OR N>31 THEN GOTO *ESC.K.2
3480 TS.B(N)=TS.B(N)^{*}(-1)
3490 COLOR 2+TS.B(N)*2
3500 LOCATE 57-(N MOD 8)*3,N\8:PRINT RIGHT$(STR$(N),2)
3510 GOTO *ESC.K.2
3520 *ESC.K.3
3530 FOR I=0 TO 3
3540 M=0
3550 FOR J=0 TO 7
3560
       IF TS.B(I^*8+J)=1 THEN M=M+2^J
3570 NEXT J
3580
       SEND$=SEND$+RIGHT$("0"+HEX(M),2)
3590 NEXT I
3600 COLOR 0
3610 RETURN
3620 *ESC.R ' -----Enquire lamp and touch switch status
3630 LOCATE 32,0:INPUT "Lamp/touch switch number:",N
3640 N$=RIGHT$("0"+HEX$(N),2)
3650 SEND$=SEND$+N$
3660 RETURN
3670 *ESC.T / -----Buzzer control
3680 LOCATE 32, 0:PRINT "Controlled item
3690 LOCATE 32,1:PRINT " 0:Stop buzzer"
3700 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:Continuous buzzer
3710 LOCATE 32, 3: PRINT " 2: Intermittent buzzer
3720 LOCATE 32,4:INPUT ":",M$
3730 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" AND M$<>"2" THEN GOTO 3720
3740 SEND$=SEND$+M$
3750 RETURN
3760 *ESC.5E / -----Alarm control
3770 LOCATE 32,0:PRINT "Controlled item"
```

```
3780 LOCATE 32,1:PRINT " 0:Alarm output OFF"
3790 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:Alarm output ON"
3800 LOCATE 32,3:INPUT ":",M$
3810 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" THEN GOTO 3800
3820 SEND$=SEND$+M$
3830 RETURN
3840 *ESC.5D / -----Initialize display history
3850 RETURN
3860 *ESC.Z / -----Enguire PT status
3870 RETURN
3880 *ESC.5F ' -----Display mode
3890 LOCATE 32, 0: PRINT "Controlled item"
3900 LOCATE 32, 1: PRINT " 0: Normal display"
3910 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:Inverse display"
3920 LOCATE 32,3:INPUT ":",M$
3930 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" THEN GOTO 3920
3940 SEND$=SEND$+M$
3950 RETURN
3960 *ESC.W / -----Permit mode switching
3970 LOCATE 32,0:PRINT "Controlled item"
3980 LOCATE 32,1:PRINT " 0:Enable"
3990 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:Disable"
4000 LOCATE 32,3:INPUT ":",M$
4010 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" THEN GOTO 4000
4020 SEND$=SEND$+M$
4030 RETURN
4040 *ESC.P ' -----Display screen
4050 LOCATE 32, 0:PRINT "Controlled item"
4060 LOCATE 32,1:PRINT " 0:Display"
4070 LOCATE 32,2:PRINT " 1:No display"
4080 LOCATE 32,3:INPUT ":",M$
4090 IF M$<>"0" AND M$<>"1" THEN GOTO 4080
4100 SEND$=SEND$+M$
4110 RETURN
4120 '
4130 *SELECT ' ------Item selection routine
4140 COLOR 4:LOCATE LV*16,0:PRINT CMND$(SECT.NO,1,0)
4150 COLOR 0
4160 FOR I=2 TO CMND(SECT.NO)
4170 LOCATE LV*16, I-1: PRINT CMND$(SECT.NO, I, 0)
4180 NEXT I
4190 *KY.IN
4200 A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" THEN GOTO *KY.IN
4210 IF A$<>CHR$(&H1B) THEN GOTO *KY1
4220 COLOR 0
4230 FOR I=1 TO CMND(SECT.NO)
4240
       LOCATE LV*16, I-1: PRINT SPACE$(14)
4250 NEXT I
4260 SEL.NO=0
     GOTO *SEL.RET
4270
4280 *KY1
4290 IF A$<>CHR$(&H1E) AND A$<>CHR$(&H1F) THEN GOTO *KY2
4300
     COLOR 0:LOCATE LV*16,SEL.NO-1:PRINT CMND$(SECT.NO,SEL.NO,0)
4310 IF A$=CHR$(&H1E) THEN SEL.NO=SEL.NO-1 ELSE SEL.NO=SEL.NO+1
4320 IF SEL.NO=0 THEN SEL.NO=CMND(SECT.NO)
     IF SEL.NO>CMND(SECT.NO) THEN SEL.NO=1
4330
```

Section 8-2

```
COLOR 4:LOCATE LV*16,SEL.NO-1:PRINT CMND$(SECT.NO,SEL.NO.0)
4340
4350
       GOTO *KY.IN
4360 *KY2
4370 IF A$<>CHR$(&HD) THEN GOTO *KY.IN
4380 *SEL.RET
4390 COLOR 0
4400 RETURN
4410 DATA "Screen control", "Memory table ", "Tsw/Fky input ",
"Lmp/Tsw disp. ","Control system"
4420 DATA 2
4430 DATA "Display screen ","[ESC]0"
4440 DATA "Enquire screen #","[ESC]X"
4450 DATA 4
4460 DATA "Write chr string","[ESC]B"
4470 DATA "Write 4-digit no","[ESC]C"
4480 DATA "Write 8-digit no","[ESC]D"
4490 DATA "Copy memory tbl ","[ESC]/"
4500 DATA 2
4510 DATA "Disable input
                           ","[ESC]U"
4520 DATA "Enable input
                           ","[ESC]V"
4530 DATA 3
4540 DATA "Disp (specify #)","[ESC]Q"
4550 DATA "Disp(spec. bit) ","[ESC]K"
4560 DATA "Enquire display ","[ESC]R"
4570 DATA 7
4580 DATA "Buzzer
                           ","[ESC]T"
4590 DATA "Alarm
                           ","[ESC]^"
4600 DATA "Display history ","[ESC]]"
4610 DATA "Enquire PTstatus","[ESC]Z"
4620 DATA "Display mode
                           ","[ESC]_"
4630 DATA "Switch mode
                           ","[ESC]W"
4640 DATA "Display screen ","[ESC]P"
```

SECTION 9 Troubleshooting

This section describes the cause of errors and possible remedies.

| 9-1 | Errors Occurring when the Power is Turned ON | 66 |
|-----|--|----|
| 9-2 | Troubleshooting Communication Errors | 66 |

Errors Occurring when the Power is Turned ON 9-1

Refer to the table below for the causes and remedies for errors occurring when the PT power is turned on.

| General source of error | Cause | Remedy |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| No Host Interface Unit | No RS-232C Interface Unit or RS-422 Inter- face Unit installed. The installed system ROM is not compatible with the RS-232C Interface Unit or RS-422 Interface Unit. | Install the RS-232C Interface Unit or RS-422 Interface Unit. Check and install the appropriate ROM for the RS-232C Interface Unit or RS-422 Inter- face Unit. |
| Memory not formatted | Screen data memory board not installed. EEPROM or EPROM not mounted correctly on the the screen data memory board. The image memory board DIP switch set- tings do not match the specifications of the memory chip. Memory initialization has not be completed. | Correctly install the screen data memory board. Correctly mount the memory chip on the image memory board. Correctly set the image memory board DIP switches. Perform memory initialization. |
| Screen data corrupted | The screen data is not compatible with the System ROM. The power supply was turned off during transmission of the screen data. | Create the correct screen data with the Sup- port Tool. Transfer the screen data once more with the Support Tool. |
| Mark data corrupted | The power supply was turned off during transmission of the screen data. Transmission of the screen data was inter- rupted. | Transfer the screen data once more with the Support Tool. |
| Message characters missing/changed | DIP switches 1-3 are incorrectly set. | Turn the Unit's power OFF, set DIP switches 1-3 to ON, and turn power ON. |

9-2 **Troubleshooting Communication Errors**

Refer to the following table for appropriate remedies when a communication error occurs during Run operation.

| Description | Cause | Remedy |
|---|---|---|
| Timeout | A 5-second gap occurred during transmis- sion of one command. | Make sure the command length is correct. Check the cable connections. |
| ACIA Parity error ACIA overrun error ACIA framing error | Communication conditions set incorrectly Data corrupted during transmission due to noise. | Make sure that the PT settings for data bits, stop bits, parity, and flow control match the host computer settings. Use a noise-resistant cable for operation in an environment with high noise levels. |
| Buffer overflow | PT receive buffer is full. | Increase the interval between command transmissions. Send with flow control to increase transmission frequency. |

Note A communication error message is displayed and a buzzer sounds if the PT DIP switch (SW1-1) is set off (no automatic reset after communication error). Press the PT Buzzer Key or PT Enter Key to return to the Run mode before correcting the cause of the error.

The command causing the error is invalid and not executed.

Communication Error

The following communication error may occur during online transfer.

During Online Transfer

| PT operation | Cause | Remedy | | | |
|---|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Operation returns to Run mode before online transfer is complete. | | Set the interval between online trans- fer commands to less than 60 se- conds. | | | |

| Error code | Cause | Remedy | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| F0H (memory full) | Insufficient memory during host computer to PT transfer of screen data. | Replace the screen data memory with one of a larger capacity. | | |
| F1H (command error 1) | Data transfer command received although no transfer notify command was sent from the host computer to the PT. | Check the order of the commands and execute the Online Transfer Command again. | | |
| | Online Transfer Command received although screen data memory is EPROM. | Replace screen data memory with an SRAM type. | | |
| F2H (command error 2) | Another command was received during standby for the Data Transfer Command. | Check the order of the commands and execute the data transfer again. | | |
| F3H (process inter- rupted) | During data transfer the j or i key was pressed or a different Online Transfer Command was received. | Check the order of the commands and execute the Online Transfer Command again. | | |
| F4H (checksum error) | Incorrect checksum | Check the checksum. | | |
| F9H (screen data memory error) | Online Transfer Command received although screen data memory is EEPROM. | Replace screen data memory with an SRAM type. | | |

During online transfer command execution, the following error codes may be notified with the Not-Acknowledged Command.

Appendix A Communication Specifications

RS-232C Interface Unit

| Item | Specification |
|------------------------|--|
| Communication standard | EIA RS-232C |
| Communication settings | Start-stop synchronization Baud rate: 300, 600, 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200 bps Data bits: 7, 8 Stop bits: 1, 2 Parity: Even/Odd/None Flow control: RS/CS control XON/XOFF control None |
| Connectors | 25-pin D-SUB female Optical connection compatible |
| No. of Units | 1-to-1 |
| Transmission distance | Max. 15 m (up to 500 m using optical-fiber cable) |

RS-422 Interface Unit

| Item | Specification |
|------------------------|---|
| Communication standard | EIA RS-422 |
| Communication settings | Start-stop synchronization Baud rate: 300, 600, 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200 bps Data bits: 7, 8 Stop bits: 1, 2 Parity: Even/Odd/None Flow control: XON/XOFF control None |
| Connectors | 9-pin D-SUB female |
| No. of Units | 1-to-16 max. |
| Transmission distance | Max. 500 m (including branch wires/max. branch wire length 10 m) |

Appendix B RS-232C and RS-422 Connector Cables

Preparing RS-232C Connector Cables

Prepare a connector cable to connect a PT to a host computer separated by more than 2 m so that the supplied connector cable (XZ7-10048) cannot be used. The maximum cable length is 15 m.

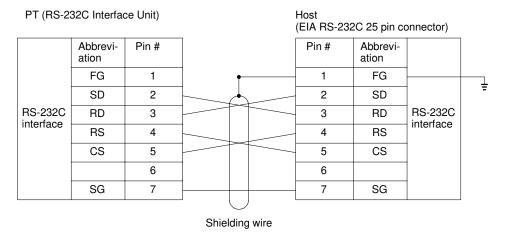
Recommended Parts

| Name | Model | Remarks |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| Connector (RS-232C Interface Unit end) | XM2A-2501 | 25-pin, manufactured by OMRON. Supplied with RS-232C Interface Unit. |
| | DB-25P | 25-pin, manufactured by JAE. |
| Connector cover (RS-232C Interface Unit end) | XM2S-2511 | 25-pin, manufactured by OMRON. Supplied with RS-232C Interface Unit. |
| | DB-C2-J9 | 25-pin, manufactured by JAE. |
| Cable | AWG28 * 5P IFVV-SB | Multicore cable, manufactured by Fujikura. |
| | CO-MA-VV-SB 5P * 28AWG | Multicore cable, manufactured by Hitachi Cable. |

On the other end of the cable use the type of connector and connector cover which matches the host computer connector type.

Connection For Host

Only the shielded wire on the host side is connected to the connector hood and connector pin 1. The following diagram is for RS/CS control. If no RS/CS control is executed, RS and CS must be short-circuited (turned over) for both the PT and host side.



Note For some host computers the combination of pin numbers and signal names may differ from those shown in the diagram above. Refer to the host computer instruction manual before wiring the connector.

Preparing RS-422 Connector Cables

Prepare a connector cable to connect a PT to a host computer separated by more than 15 m. The maximum cable length is 500 m.

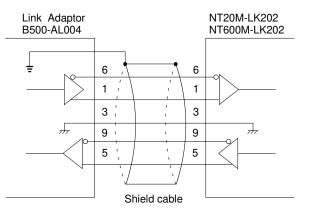
Recommended Parts

| Name | Model | Remarks | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Connector (RS-422 Interface Unit end) | XM2A-0901 | 9-pin, manufactured by OMRON. Supplied with RS-422 Interface Unit. | | | | | | | |
| | DE-9P | 9-pin, manufactured by JAE. | | | | | | | |
| Connector cover (RS-422 Interface | XM2S-0911 | 9-pin, manufactured by OMRON. Supplied with RS-422 Interface Unit. | | | | | | | |
| Únit end) | DE-CI-J6 | 9-pin, manufactured by JAE. | | | | | | | |
| Cable H-9293A (CO-HC-ESV-3P * 7 | | RS-422 cable manufactured by HIRAKAWA HEWTECH. | | | | | | | |

On the other end of the cable use the type of connector and connector cover which matches the host computer connector type.

Connections

The wiring connection for the B500-AL004 (-P) Link Adaptor is shown below.



Note When connecting to some equipment, the combination of pin numbers and signal names may differ from those shown in the diagram above. Refer to the equipment instruction manual before wiring the connector.

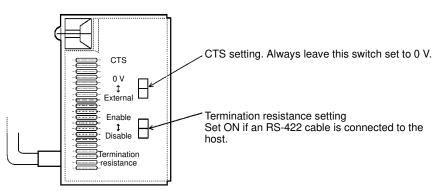
Appendix C Connections Using Different Cable Types

The Link Adaptor allows an RS-232C cable to be connected to an RS-422 or an optical fiber cable. The connecting cable wiring to the pins depends on the specification of the host computer connector. Check the specification of the host computer connector before wiring according to the Link Adaptor connector specification.

Link Adaptors

The Link Adaptor is a converter to connect different types of communication cables together. Set the switches as shown below when a Link Adaptor is used.

The B500-AL004 (-P) Link Adaptor is used.

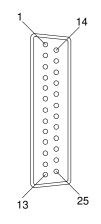


Link Adaptor Connector Specifications

RS-232C Cable Connection

Connector: RS-232C

Electrical characteristics: Complies with EIA RS-232C Signal direction: Signal input and output is relative to the PT.

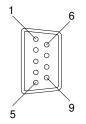


| Connector pin # | Signal name | Abbrevi- | Signal direction | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|----------|------------------|--------|--|
| | | ation | Input | Output | |
| 1 | Frame ground | FG | | | |
| 2 | Send data | SD (TXD) | | Yes | |
| 3 | Receive data | RD (RXD) | Yes | | |
| 4 | Request to send | RS (RTS) | | Yes | |
| 5 | Clear to send | CS (CTS) | Yes | | |
| 6 | | DR | | | |
| 7 | Signal ground | SG (GND) | | | |
| 8 | | CD | | | |
| 20 | Data terminal ready | ER (DTR) | | Yes | |

RS-422 Cable Connection

Connector: RS-422

Electrical characteristics: Complies with EIA RS-422 Signal direction: Signal input and output is relative to the PT or host.



| Connector pin # | Signal name | Abbrevi- | Signal direction | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|--------|--|
| | | ation | Input | Output | |
| 1 | Receive data B (+) | RDB | Yes | | |
| 3 | Signal ground | SG | | | |
| 5 | Send data B (+) | SDB | | Yes | |
| 6 | Receive data A (-) | RDA | Yes | | |
| 7 | Frame ground | SG (GND) | | | |
| 9 | Send data A (-) | SDA | | Yes | |

Optical-fiber Cable Connections Maximum connection length is 500 m.

System configuration: 1-to-1 connection

The parts required for the connector cable are shown in the table below.

| Name | Model | Remarks |
|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| RS-232C connector cable | XZ7-10048 | 25-pin to 25-pin (2 m) manufactured by OMRON |
| Optical fiber cable | | 3 types of optical-fiber cable can be used: APF (plastic optical-fiber cable) PCF (plastic-clad optical-fiber cable) H-PCF (hard plastic-clad quartz optical-fiber cable) |
| Link Adaptor | B500-AL004(-P) | 100/200 VAC, manufactured by OMRON |

The transmission distance depends on the type of cable and the type of Link Adaptor.

| Optical-fiber cable | B500-AL004-P | B500-AL004 | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| APF | 20 m | No connection | | | |
| H-PCF | 100 m | 200 m | | | |
| PCF | 200 m | 800 m | | | |

Refer to the optical fiber and Link Adaptor manuals for information on the optical-fiber cable specifications.

Appendix D Special Characters

English Character Codes

Pin 3 of SW1 must be ON to enable English language messages to use the following codes.

Example: Hex code is represented by 30, decimal code by 48, and character by 0.

| 30 | 0 |
|----|---|
| 48 | |

Code 20 and 32 in the table represents a space, as indicated by "SP".

| Hex Digits 1st → | 2 | - | 3 | - | 4 | - | 5 | - | 6 | - | 7 | - | 8 | - | 9 |)- |
|---------------------|----|----|----|---|----|---|----|---|-----|---|-----|------------------|-----|---|-----|----|
| 2nd 🕴 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -0 | 20 | SP | 30 | 0 | 40 | @ | 50 | Р | 60 | f | 70 | р | 80 | Ç | 90 | É |
| | 32 | | 48 | | 64 | | 80 | | 96 | | 112 | | 128 | | 144 | |
| -1 | 21 | ! | 31 | 1 | 41 | А | 51 | Q | 61 | а | 71 | q | 81 | ü | 91 | æ |
| | 33 | | 49 | | 65 | | 81 | | 97 | | 113 | | 129 | | 145 | |
| -2 | 22 | " | 32 | 2 | 42 | В | 52 | R | 62 | b | 72 | r | 82 | é | 92 | Æ |
| | 34 | | 50 | | 66 | | 82 | | 98 | | 114 | | 130 | | 146 | |
| -3 | 23 | # | 33 | 3 | 43 | С | 53 | S | 63 | С | 73 | S | 83 | â | 93 | Ô |
| | 35 | | 51 | | 67 | | 83 | | 99 | | 115 | | 131 | | 147 | |
| -4 | 24 | \$ | 34 | 4 | 44 | D | 54 | Т | 64 | d | 74 | t | 84 | ä | 94 | ö |
| | 36 | | 52 | | 68 | | 84 | | 100 | | 116 | | 132 | | 148 | |
| -5 | 25 | % | 35 | 5 | 45 | E | 55 | U | 65 | е | 75 | u | 85 | à | 95 | Ò |
| | 37 | | 53 | | 69 | | 85 | | 101 | | 117 | | 133 | | 149 | |
| -6 | 26 | & | 36 | 6 | 46 | F | 56 | V | 66 | f | 76 | v | 86 | å | 96 | û |
| | 38 | | 54 | | 70 | | 86 | | 102 | | 118 | | 134 | | 150 | |
| -7 | 27 | , | 37 | 7 | 47 | G | 57 | W | 67 | g | 77 | w | 87 | Ç | 97 | ù |
| | 39 | | 55 | | 71 | | 87 | | 103 | | 119 | | 135 | | 151 | |
| -8 | 28 | (| 38 | 8 | 48 | Н | 58 | Х | 68 | h | 78 | х | 88 | ê | 98 | ÿ |
| | 40 | | 56 | | 72 | | 88 | | 104 | | 120 | | 136 | | 152 | |
| -9 | 29 |) | 39 | 9 | 49 | I | 59 | Y | 69 | i | 79 | У | 89 | ë | 99 | Ö |
| | 41 | | 57 | | 73 | | 89 | | 105 | | 121 | | 137 | | 153 | |
| -A | 2A | * | ЗA | : | 4A | J | 5A | Z | 6A | j | 7A | Z | 8A | è | 9A | Ü |
| | 42 | | 58 | | 74 | | 90 | | 106 | | 122 | | 138 | | 154 | |
| -В | 2B | + | 3B | ; | 4B | K | 5B | [| 6B | k | 7B | { | 8B | ï | 9B | ¢ |
| | 43 | | 59 | | 75 | | 91 | | 107 | | 123 | | 139 | | 155 | |
| -C | 2C | , | 3C | < | 4C | L | 5C | \ | 6C | Ι | 7C | | 8C | î | 9C | £ |
| | 44 | | 60 | | 76 | | 92 | | 108 | | 124 | | 140 | | 156 | |
| -D | 2D | - | 3D | = | 4D | М | 5D |] | 6D | m | 7D | } | 8D | ì | 9D | ¥ |
| | 45 | | 61 | | 77 | | 93 | | 109 | | 125 | | 141 | | 157 | |
| -E | 2E | | 3E | > | 4E | Ν | 5E | ٨ | 6E | n | 7E | ~ | 8E | Ä | 9E | Pt |
| | 46 | | 62 | | 78 | | 94 | 1 | 110 | | 126 | | 142 | 1 | 158 | |
| -F | 2F | / | 3F | ? | 4F | 0 | 5F | _ | 6F | 0 | 7F | \bigtriangleup | 8F | Å | 9F | f |
| | 47 | | 63 | | 79 | | 95 | | 111 | | 127 | | 143 | | 159 | |

| Hex Digits 1st → 2nd ↓ | A- | | В- | | C- | | D- | | E- | |
|---------------------------------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|-------|-----|---|
| -0 | A0 | á | B0 | | C0 | | D0 | | E0 | α |
| | 160 | | 176 | 111 | 192 | | 208 | | 224 | |
| -1 | A1 | í | B1 | | C1 | 1 | D1 | \mp | E1 | β |
| | 161 | | 177 | | 193 | | 209 | | 225 | |
| -2 | A2 | Ó | B2 | ~~~~~~ | C2 | | D2 | | E2 | Γ |
| | 162 | | 178 | \$ \$ \$ | 194 | | 210 | | 226 | |
| -3 | A3 | ú | B3 | | C3 | L | D3 | | E3 | π |
| | 163 | | 179 | | 195 | | 211 | | 227 | |
| -4 | A4 | ñ | B4 | _ | C4 | | D4 | | E4 | Σ |
| | 164 | | 180 | I | 196 | | 212 | | 228 | |
| -5 | A5 | Ñ | B5 | | C5 | + | D5 | F | E5 | σ |
| | 165 | | 181 | I | 197 | | 213 | | 229 | |
| -6 | A6 | <u>a</u> | B6 | | C6 | F | D6 | П | E6 | m |
| | 166 | | 182 | | 198 | | 214 | | 230 | |
| -7 | A7 | <u>o</u> | B7 | Ē | C7 | \vdash | D7 | + | E7 | τ |
| | 167 | | 183 | | 199 | | 215 | | 231 | |
| -8 | A8 | j | B8 | | C8 | | D8 | | E8 | Φ |
| | 168 | | 184 | Ę | 200 | | 216 | + | 232 | |

C9

201

CA

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СВ

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СС

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CD

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 D9

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DC

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DD

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DE

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EC

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EF

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Special Characters

-9

-A

-B

-C

-D

-E

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Appendix D

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247 F8

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F9

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FA

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FB

251

FC

252

FD

253

FE

254

FF

255

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front cover of the manual.

Cat. No. V016-E1-1

- Revision code

The following table outlines the changes made to the manual during each revision. Page numbers refer to the previous version.

| Revision code | Date | Revised content |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 1 | October 1993 | Original production |