## Touch Switch D5C

Unique 18 mm dia. Capacitive Touch Switch with Choice of Three Actuators is Activated with Only a Very Slight Physical Contact

- Lightweight objects, such as thin wire or foil can be accurately detected.
- Solid-state switch activates the moment its actuator comes in contact with the object.
- Amplifier, operation indicator, and sensitivity adjuster are builtin on all models.
- Conforms to IEC IP67 and NEMA Type 6, 6P.
- Actuators can be freely interchanged between switch units.
- A unique free-attachment version allows any kind of actuator antenna to be attached.



## Ordering Information

## List of Models

| Features |  | Usable by bending tip of antenna. Overtravel of 20 mm max. | Ideal for high-accuracy position control. <br> Overtravel of 3.5 mm max. | Any actuator can be attached. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cable |  | 3 m |  |  |
| Actuator |  | Coil spring | Plunger | Free-attachment |
| Power source | DC | D5C-1DS0 | D5C-1DP0 | D5C-1DA0 |
|  | AC | D5C-1AS0 | D5C-1AP0 | D5C-1AA0 |
| Antenna only |  | D5C-00S0 | D5C-00P0 | D5C-00A0 |

## Specifications

Characteristics

| Model | DC | AC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D5C-1D $\square 0$ | D5C-1A $\square 0$ |
| Degree of protection | Equivalent to IP67 (NEMA 6, 6P) |  |
| Durability | Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min. (at rated overtravel value) |  |
| Supply voltage (operating voltage) | 12 to 24 VDC (10 to 30 VDC), (ripple: 10\% max.) | 100 to 240 VAC (45 to 264 VAC), 50/60 Hz |
| Rated frequency | --- | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Sensitivity setting range | 30 to 100 pF |  |
| Current consumption | 17 mA max. | --- |
| Leakage current | Circuit: --- <br> Antenna: 1 mA max. | Circuit: 2 mA max. <br> Antenna: 1 mA max. |
| Response time | 2 ms max . | 8 ms max . |
| Output current | 200 mA max. (resistive load) |  |
| Insulation resistance | $50 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC$)$ between lead wires and case |  |


| Model | DC | AC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D5C-1D $\square 0$ | D5C-1A $\square 0$ |
| Dielectric strength | 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and non-current-carrying metal parts | 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Rated insulation voltage ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}$ ) | 1,000 VAC |  |
| Pollution degree <br> (operating environment) | Level 3 (IEC947-5-1) |  |
| Protection against electric shock | Class II |  |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |  |
| Switch category | D (IEC335) |  |
| Vibration resistance | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |  |
| Shock resistance | $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{~min}$. |  |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |  |
| Ambient humidity | 95\% max. |  |
| Weight | Approx. 110 g (in case of D5C-1DSO) | Approx. 120 g (in case of D5C-1ASO) |

## Output Circuit

D5C-1D $\square 0$ (DC Model)


D5C-1A $\square 0$ (AC Model)


Note: Color in () denotes the old model.

## Nomenclature



## Engineering Data

## Typical Examples

Temperature Characteristics of DC Models D5C-1D $\square 0$ (24 VDC)


Voltage Characteristics of DC Model
D5C-1D $\square 0$ (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


Temperature Characteristics of AC Models D5C-1A $\square 0$ (100 VAC)


Voltage Characteristics of AC Model D5C-1A $\square 0$ (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


## Dimensions

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.

DC Models
Coil Spring


Plunger D5C-1DP0


Note: 1. The overtravel of the stainless steel plunger is within 3.5 mm . Do not apply a force greater than 9.8 N to the plunger.
2. Vinyl insulated round cord (oil- and shock-resistant type) 4 dia., three cores $\times 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
3. Use after removing the caution label.

Free-attachment


Note: 1. Limit the total length of actuator wire to 1 m or less. When mounting the Switch to a metal plate, do not exceed an area of 200 cm 2 .
2. Vinyl insulated round cord (oil- and shock-resistant type)

4 dia., three cores y $0.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
3. Use after removing the caution label.

## AC Models

Coil Spring


Note: 1. The stainless steel wire actuator can move in any direction. However, limit the overtravel to within 20 mm from the free position. The force that pushes the actuator must not exceed 1.96 N .
2. Vinyl insulated round cord (oil- and shock-resistant type) 4 dia., two cores $\times 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
3. Use after removing the caution label.

## Plunger



Note: 1. The overtravel of the stainless steel plunger is within 3.5 mm . Do not apply a force greater than 9.8 N to the plunger.
Vinyl insulated round cord (oil- and shock-resistant type)
4 dia., two cores $\times 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
4 dia., two cores $\times 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
3. Use after removing the caution label.

## Free-attachment



Note: 1. Limit the total length of actuator wire to 1 m or less. When mounting the Switch to a metal plate, do not exceed an area of $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
2. Vinyl insulated round cord (oil- and shock-resistant type)

4 dia., two cores $\times 0.3 \mathrm{~mm} 2$.
3. Use after removing the caution label.

## Application Examples

Detection of Incorrectly Set Work


Detection of Fine Wire or Thin Plate


Detection of Loose Screws


## Precautions

Refer to the "Precautions for All Switches" in the separate Technical information about Basic Switches or Limit Switches.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

Make sure that the antenna does not come into contact with the human body, otherwise an electric shock may be received


## Correct Use

## Grounding of Antenna and Sensing Object (Size of Sensing Object)

Contact with Non-grounded Conductor
The sensing object is equivalently grounded through capacitor C .


## Conditions of Sensing Object

The detection of conductors (e.g., iron, stainless steel, aluminum, and brass objects) poses no particular problem. A conductor coated with paint cannot be detected, however, because there is no electrical continuity between the antenna and the conductor.
Non-conductive objects (e.g., plastic, ceramic, glass, and cloth objects) can be detected by grounding them indirectly.

## Antenna

## Shape and Extension

If a metal plate is used as an antenna by connecting it to the built-in or separated antenna of the D5C, the surface area of the metal plate must be $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ maximum (Fig. 1). The antenna can be extended, provided that the total length of the antenna is 1 m maximum (Fig. 2) and that the bottom of the antenna is at least 10 cm (Fig. 3) away from the ground. Refer to the illustrations below.
The D5C may be damaged if the antenna is excessively large or heavy or if the antenna is used in locations with excessive vibration or shock. Be sure to check the locations before use.


## Parallel Arrangement

If there are multiple D5Cs are located in parallel, make sure that the distance between adjacent antennas is at least 3 cm .


## Maintenance

Make sure that the portion of the antenna that comes into contact with sensing objects is free of oil, dirt, or rust, or any other insulator. Otherwise, the D5C will not operate.
The degree of protection of the D5C is IP67. The D5C cannot be, however, used in the water or oil.
Locations with Sprayed Water or Oil
The D5C may malfunction in locations where the D5C is frequently exposed to sprayed water or oil. Especially, the D5C may malfunction more frequently if it is exposed to sprayed water-soluble cutting oil. In such locations, be sure to take appropriate measures to protect the D5C from oil and water.

## Wiring and Connections

Be sure to wire the D5C correctly according to the color of each cord. Incorrect wiring may damage the internal components of the D5C or the D5C may malfunction.
If AC models are connected in parallel, make sure that a load is connected to each of the models.
A maximum of two models can be connected in series provided that 100 to 240 V is supplied. DC models cannot be connected in series.


Be sure to supply power to the D5C via the load. If power is supplied to the D5C directly, the fuse will blow.


If there are wire power lines or high-tension lines close to the cord of the D5C, be sure to wire the cord of the D5C away from power lines or high-tension lines or lay the cord in an exclusive, shielded conduit. Remove the caution label on the end of the cord before wiring the cord.

## D5C-1A $\square 0$ (AC Models)

Be aware that the D5C-1A $\square 0$ not in operation has a leakage current of approximately 2 mA . Especially, if the load is a relay with a current flow of 10 mA or less, a reset failure may result due to the residual voltage. Therefore, connect a bleeder resistor as shown below so that the residual voltage will be less than the reset voltage of the load.


The bleeder resistance and permissible power are obtained from the following formula.
$\mathrm{R} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} /(10-\mathrm{I})(\mathrm{k} \Omega)$
$\mathrm{P}>\mathrm{V}_{S}^{2} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{mW})$
$P$ : W number of bleeder load
P: Withstanding power of bleeder resistor
(Practically, the wattage must be a few times larger than the obtainable value.)
I: Load current (mA)
If a DC relay or DC counter is used as a load connected through an electronic timer or current rectification circuit, pay the utmost attention so that the leakage current of the D5C AC model will not cause the load to malfunction.

## Sensitivity Adjustment

The sensitivity of the D5C can be adjusted by turning the adjuster on the rear side with a flat-blade screwdriver.
The sensitivity increases by turning the adjuster clockwise and decreases by turning the adjuster counterclockwise.


Be sure to turn the adjuster with a torque of 4.9 to $7.8 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}$. If excessive torque is applied, the adjuster will break.

## Grounding

In order to maintain the operational reliability of the D5C, be sure to ground the blue or black wire of the power cord.
The service power supply of the PC (Programmable Controller) is not available to the D5C-1D $\square 0$. The negative line of the service power supply of the PC is not grounded. Therefore, the D5C may not operate.
Furthermore, if the negative line of the service power supply is grounded, the noise resistance of the PC will drop.
Provided that single-phase 200 V is supplied to the $\mathrm{D} 5 \mathrm{C}-1 \mathrm{~A} \square 0$, if one phase is grounded, the power supply will be short-circuited and a machinery breakdown will result. Use an isolating transformer and ground the secondary side of the transformer instead.

In the above case, be sure to ground the secondary side, otherwise the D5C may not operate.


The lead wire colors of the D5C have been changed in compliance with the latest applicable JIS standards. Colors in parentheses are previous ones.

## Mounting

Do not tighten the nuts with excessive force. The maximum permissible tightening force of each nut with a washer is $29.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.

## Mounting Hole Dimension



## Others

Do not disassemble the D5C, otherwise the internal wiring will be damaged and the D5C will fail to operate.
The sealing of the D5C uses nitrile butadien rubber (NBR), which is highly oil resistive. If exposed to some types of oil or chemical indoors or outdoors, however, the NBR may deteriorate. Contact your OMRON representative for details.
When mounting the antenna to the D5C, be sure to tighten the antenna to a torque of 0.39 to $0.83 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$. If the antenna is not tightened securely, the built-in contact may break.
If an appropriate antenna is mounted to a free attachment model, hold the nut on the outer side with a wrench so that the nut will not move. Then tighten the nut on the inner side within a torque range of 0.78 and $1.18 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.


