Smart Laser Sensor

ZX-L Unique Plug & Play Measurement Concept for Precise Measurement

A multitude of "smart" functions packed in a small amplifier. Full line-up of heads for different detection methods and micron detection performance



Features

The world's smallest and lightest laser sensor.

It is the world's lightest. A body size similar to a photo-

electric sensor permits space conservation and solves installation space problems.

Naturally, we have also achieved a high-speed response on the same level as a photoelectric sensor.

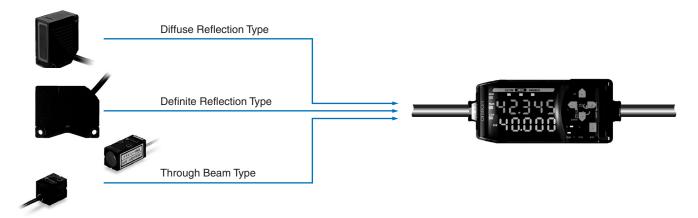
* High-speed sampling: 0.15 ms (response speed: 0.3 ms)



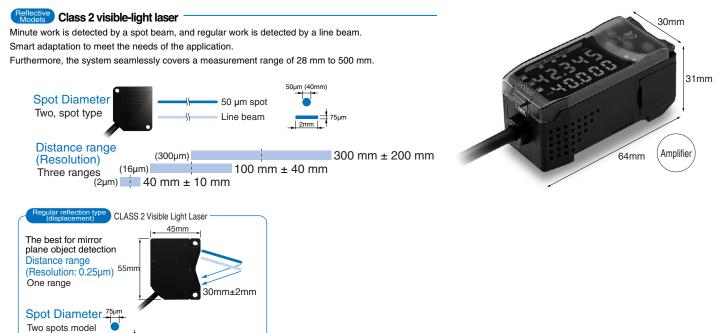
Platform architecture as a optimum solution

Platform architecture allows users to configure a variety range of sensor-heads to one amplifier.

Plug & Play provides easy sensorhead replacement and easy maintenance.



Our line-up includes 8 reflective-type models and 3 Through-beam-type models.



Through-beam Class 1 visible-light laser

1.8mm

High-precision positioning is accomplished with a 1 mm dia. spot beam, and area detection is accomplished with a 5 mm width / 10 mm width screen beam.



Many useful functions are provided.

100µm

Calculation settings that eliminate the need for a digital panel meter Patent pending

A calculation unit can be inserted between two amplifiers to display the calculation results of two sensor units on one of the amplifiers. Settings are accomplished by simply entering the necessary parameters in one of the amplifiers.



Includes a sensor life monitor.

The laser diode (LD) life is detected automatically and the operator alerted.

30 mm width screen beam model

130mm

0 to 500 mm

ZX-LT030

When LD deterioration is detected, the sub-display alerts you. This gives you time to take action before the LD dies.

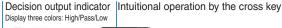


OMRC

Top priority is given to easy operation.

Sophisticated functions and high performance, with ease of use. This is a key feature of the ZX-L-Series.

The interface comes from our E3X-DA-N* Digital Fiber Amplifier. Feel how simple it is to operate.





A distance value and a threshold are displayed after power supply ON.

Height of LED letters: 7 mm



Obtain the resolution with ease Patent pending

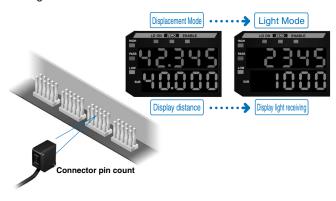
Simply perform detection of the work you wish to test, and you can check the resolution.

The resolution is displayed so you can check how much fluctuation there is to the threshold setting and decide whether detection is possible with certitude.



Light intensity mode for high-performance laser photoelectric detection

Light intensity detection is possible using the minute spot of the laser beam. The sensor be used not only as a displacement meter, but also as a high-precision laser photoelectric sensor for detection of minute work with a background object and color difference. Select displacement mode or light intensity mode as appropriate for the application to establish the optimum function settings.





Multiple teaching functions.

Positioning / 2-point / auto-matching

Includes three types of teaching functions on the same level as a photoelectric sensor.

Positioning teaching

Ideal for high-precision positioning applications.

Two-point teaching

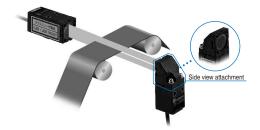
Ideal for detection of minute level differences between two points.

Automatic teaching

Ideal for applications where teaching is performed without stopping the work.

Install in any direction.

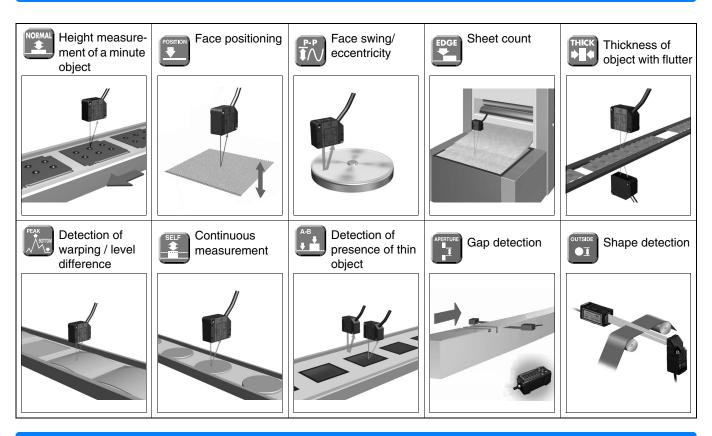
A side viewer attachment (optional) can be installed to enable various installations



Wide variety of easy-to-use functions.

Scaling, display reverse, display off mode, ECO mode, change number of display digits, measurement processing (various timer functions and hold functions), threshold value settings, input/output settings, mutual interference (when using a computing unit), function lock, initial reset, zero reset, differential function, sensitivity selection, monitor focus, etc.

Application



Features

Connect to a computer for full use of sensor performance.

Use the computer monitor screen for enhanced panel display. Easy processing of detection results such as waveform monitor and data logging results, which used to make system configuration more easy.



Quality control as you desire.

Data logging

Log detection data and manage a status history for effective and efficient quality control and implementation of countermeasures for problems.



* Screen images may in some cases differ from the actual product.

Settings are supported by a list display

Settings that are complicated if the amplifier panel must be used can be easily accomplished by referring to the Function menu. The settings can also be easily imported to and exported from a text editor.

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Waveform monitoring function

Easy monitoring of waveforms, which was previously only possible with an oscilloscope. Plenty of easy-to-use functions, such as drag and drop threshold value setting.

Waveform monitoring

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Summary of PC software specifications

Digital numerical value monitoring

- Tolerance direct threshold value setting
- Various teaching settings
- Waveform monitoring
- Waveform collection
- Waveform observation/editing
- Waveform saving/reading
- Data logging
- Various collection condition settings
- Supports Microsoft Excel
- Configuration function
- Amplifier unit function settings (observation scaling, input scaling, etc.)
- Saving/reading of amplifier setting conditions

 Saving/reading of amplifier setting conditions
**Microsoft Excel is either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

Ordering Information

Sensors

Sensor head (reflection type)

Optical method	Beam shape	Sensing distance	Resolution *	Model
		40 ± 10 mm	2 m	ZX-LD40
	Spot beam	100 ± 40 mm	16 m	ZX-LD100
Diffuse-reflective		300 ± 200 mm	300 m	ZX-LD300
Diffuse-reflective		40 ± 10 mm	2 m	ZX-LD40L
	Line beam	100 ± 40 mm	16 m	ZX-LD100L
		300 ± 200 mm	300 m	ZX-LD300L
Regular reflection type	Spot beam	- 30 ± 2 mm	0.25 m	ZX-LD30V
negular reliection type	Line beam	- 50 ± 2 mm	0.25 11	ZX-LD30VL

* At average count of 4,096 times

Sensor head (transmissive type)

Optical method	Measurement width	Measurement width Sensing distance		Model
	1 mm dia.	0 to 2,000 mm		ZX-LT001
Through-beam	5 mm		4 µm	ZX-LT005
	10 mm	0 to 500 mm		ZX-LT010
	30 mm		12 µm	ZX-LT030

* At average count of 64 times

Amplifier Units

Shape	Power supply	Output specifications	Model
	DC	NPN output	ZX-LDA11-N
		PNP output	ZX-LDA41-N

Note: Compatible with sensor head connection.

Accessories (Order Separately)

Computing unit

Shape	Model
	ZX-CAL2*1

*1. Calculation Units are required to connect two or more sensors

Side view attachment

Shape	Suitable sensor head	Model
	ZX-LT001 ZX-LT005	ZX-XF12
	ZX-LT010	ZX-XF22

Extension cable for robot application

Cable length	Model	Quantity			
1m	ZX-XC1R				
4m	ZX-XC4R	1 no			
8m	ZX-XC8R	1 pc.			
9m	ZX-XC9R				

"Smart monitor" communication interface and Setup Tool for Personal Computer and PLC

Shape	Name	Model
9	ZX-L-series Communication Interface Unit	ZX-SF11
+ CD-ROM	ZX-series Commu- nication Interface Unit + ZX-L-series Sensor Setup and Logging Software	ZX-SFW11E V3
CD-ROM	ZX-L-series Sensor Setup and Logging Software	ZX-SW11E V3

Two-sided connector cable (for extension)

Cable length	Model	Quantity	
1 m	ZX-XC1A		
4 m	ZX-XC4A	1 no	
8 m	ZX-XC8A	1 pc.	
9 m *	ZX-XC9A		

* Only for reflective types.

Rating/Performance

Sensor head	(reflection type))
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Item Model	ZX-LD40	ZX-LD100	ZX-LD300	ZX-LD30V	ZX-LD40L	ZX-LD100L	ZX-LD300L	ZX-LD30VL
Optical method	Diffuse reflect	ction		Regular reflection	Diffuse reflect	tion		Regular reflection
Light source (wave length)	Visible-light s	semiconductor	laser (waveler	ngth 650 nm, 1	mW or less, C	Class 2)		
Measurement center distance	40 mm	100 mm	300 mm	30 mm	40 mm	100 mm	300 mm	30 mm
Measurement range	±10 mm	±40 mm	±200 mm	±2 mm	±10 mm	±40 mm	±200 mm	±2 mm
Beam shape	Spot	Spot Line						
Beam diameter *1	50 mm dia.	100 mm dia.	300 mm dia.	75 mm dia.	75 m x 2mm	150 m x 2 mm	450 m x 2 mm	100 m x 1.8 mm
Resolution*2	2 m	16 m	300 m	0.25 m	2 m	16 m	300 m	0.25 m
Linearity*3	±0.2% F.S. (entire range)	±0.2% F.S. (80 to 121 mm)	±2% F.S. (200 to 401 mm)	±0.2% F.S. (entire range)	±0.2% F.S. (32 to 49 mm)	±0.2% F.S. (80 to 121 mm)	±2% F.S. (200 to 401 mm)	±0.2% F.S. (entire range)
Temperature drift*4	±0.03% F.S./°C (±0.1% F.S./°C for ZX-LD300/ZX-LD300L)							
Ambient illuminance	Incandescen	Incandescent lamp: 3,000 lux max.						
Ambient temperature	Operating: 0°	°C to 50°C, Sto	orage: -15°C to	60°C (with no	icing or conde	ensation)		
Ambient humidity	Operating/St	orage: 35% to	85% RH (with	no condensati	on)			
Insulation resistance	20 M at 50	00 VDC						
Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC a	t 50/60 Hz for	1 minute					
Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz	, 0.7 mm doub	le amplitude fo	or 80 minutes e	ach in X, Y, ar	nd Z directions		
Shock resistance	300 m/s², 6 c	directions, 3 tim	ies each (up-d	own, left-right,	forward-backw	vard)		
Protective structure	IEC 60529 IF	P50		IEC Standard IP40	IEC 60529 IF	250		IEC Standard IP40
Connection method	Junction con	nector (standa	rd length: 500	mm)	l			1
Weight (Packed state)	Approx. 150	g		Approx. 250 g	Approx. 150	g		Approx. 250 g
Material		oolybutylene te inum, Lens: Gla	•	Case, Cover: Aluminum Lens: Glass		oolybutylene te num, Lens: Gl	•	Case, Cover: Aluminum Lens: Glass
Accessories	Operation ma	anual, laser wa	rning labels (E	Inglish charact	ers)			

Beam diameter: This is the value of the measurement center distance (actual value), and is defined at 1/e² (13.5%) of the central light intensity. If there is stray light outside, the defined area and the area around the object has a higher reflectance than the object,
Resolution: Indicates the amount of fluctuation (±3) in the linear output when connected to the ZX-LDA. (The measured value when the average count of the ZX-

² Resolution: Indicates the amount of fluctuation (±3) in the linear output when connected to the ZX-LDA. (The measured value when the average count of the ZX-LDA is set to 4,096 and our standard object (white ceramic) is used for the central distance.) This indicates the repeatability precision when the work is in a static state, and does indicate the distance precision. The resolution performance may not be satisfactory in a strong electromagnetic field.

³ Linearity: This indicates the error with respect to the ideal straight line of the displacement output when measuring our standard object.
⁴ Temperature characteristic: The value when the distance between the sensor and the object (our standard object) is fixed using an aluminum jig. (Measured at the measurement center distance.)

Note: When an object has a high reflectance, detection errors are possible outside the measurement range.

Sensor head (transmissive type)

Item Model	ZX-L	T001	ZX-LT005	ZX-LT010	ZX-LT030			
Optical method	Through-bea	ım						
Light source (wave length)	Visible-light	semiconducto	r laser (wavelength 650 n	m, 1 mW or less, Class 1)				
Measurement width	1 mm dia.	1 to 2.5 mm dia.	5 mm	30 mm				
Sensing distance	0 to 500 mm	500 to 2,000 mm	0 to 500 mm	•				
	8 mm dia.	8 to 50 m						
Min. sensing object	Opaque ob- ject	Opaque ob- ject	Opaque: 0.05 mm dia.	Opaque: 0.1 mm dia.	Opaque: 0.3 mm dia.			
Resolution ^{*1}	4 µm*2		4 µm ^{*3}	12 µm				
Temperature drift	0.2%F.S./°C			0.3%F.S./°C				
Ambient illuminance	Incandescen	t lamp: 3,000	lux max.		Incandescent lamp: 10,000 lux max.			
Ambient temperature	Operating: 0	°C to 50°C, S	torage: -25°C to 70°C (wit	th no icing or condensation)				
Protective structure	IEC 60529 IF	P40			IP 40			
Cable length	Can be exter	nded to 10 m	with the special extensior	cable.				
Material	Case: polyet	Case: polyetherimide, case cover: polycarbonate, front cover: glass						
Clamping torque	0.3 N ² m max							
Accessories	Optical axis a ation manual	-	al, sensor head - amplifie	r unit connector cable, oper-	Mounting bracket			

The amount of fluctuation ($\pm 3 \delta$) of the linear output when connected to an amplifier unit, converted to a detection span. When the average count is 64.5 µm when the count is 32. The value when the smallest detection object shades the vicinity of the center of the 1 mm dia. detection *2. span. When the average count is 64.5 μm when the count is 32. *3.

Amplifier Units

Item Model	ZX-LDA11	ZX-LDA41						
Measurement period	150 s							
Possible average count settings *1	1/2/4/8/16/32/64/128/256/512/1,024/2,048/4,096 time	'S						
Temperature drift	Vhen reflective head is connected: 0.01% F.S./°C, when transmissive head is connected: 0.1% F.S./°C							
Linear output *2	to 20 mA/F.S., maximum load resistance of 300 ±4 V (±5 V, 1 to 5 V *3), output impedance of 100 .							
Decision output (HIGH/	NPN open collector output, 30 VDC 50 mA max.,	PNP open collector output, 30 V DC 50 mA max.,						
PASS/LOW: 3 outputs) *1	residual voltage 1.2 V or less	residual voltage 2 V or less						
Laser OFF input /	When ON: supply voltage 1.5 V or less, when OFF:	When ON: supply voltage 1.5 V or less, when OFF:						
zero reset input /	open circuit (maximum leakage current 0.1 mA or	open circuit (maximum leakage current 0.1 mA or						
timing input / reset	less)	less)						
Functions	off mode, ECO mode, change number of display digits, s self peak hold, self-bottom hold, intensity mode, zero res timer, differential, sensitivity selection, keeping clamp ch point teaching, automatic teaching, hiss width variable, ti (A+B) operation ^{*4} , mutual interference ^{*4} , laser degrada	et, initial reset, on-delay timer, off-delay timer, one-shot ange, threshold value settings, positioning teaching, two- ming input, reset input, monitor focus, (A-B) operation, tion detection zero reset memory, function lock						
Indicator lamp	Operation indicator lamp: high (orange), pass (green) 7-segment digital sub-display (yellow), laser ON (gree							
Power supply voltage	12 to 24 VDC ±10%, ripple (p-p) : 10% max.							
Current consumption	200 mA or less (when sensor is connected)							
Ambient temperature	Operating: 0°C to 50°C, Storage: -15°C to 60°C (with	no icing or condensation)						
Ambient humidity	Operating/Storage: 35% to 85% RH (with no condens	sation)						
Insulation resistance	20 M at 500 VDC							
Dielectric strength	1,000 VAC at 50/60 Hz for 1 minute							
Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz, 0.7 mm double amplitude for 80 minute	es each in X, Y, and Z directions						
Shock resistance	300 m/s ² , 6 directions, 3 times each (up-down, left-rig	ht, forward-backward)						
Protective structure								
Connection method	Pre-wired models (standard length: 2 m)							
Weight (Packed state)	Approx. 350 g							
Material	Case: PBT (polybutylene terephthalate), Cover: Polyc	carbonate						
Accessories	Instruction manual							
The response speed of decision	r output (when the sensitivity is fixed) is calculated as (measurem sion output (when the sensitivity is fixed) is calculated as (measure thed using the switch on the bottom of the amplifier unit. focus function.							

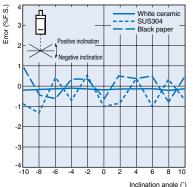
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Characteristic data (typical)

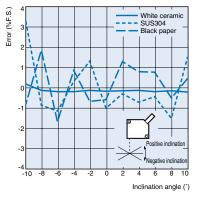
Angle characteristics (reflective type)

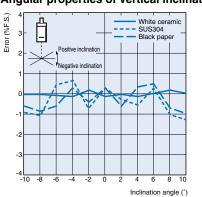
The angle characteristics are a plot of the inclination of the measured object vs. errors occurring in linear output at the measurement center distance. ZX-LD300 **ZX-LD100**

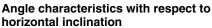
ZX-LD40

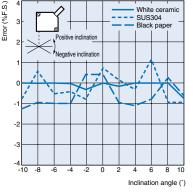


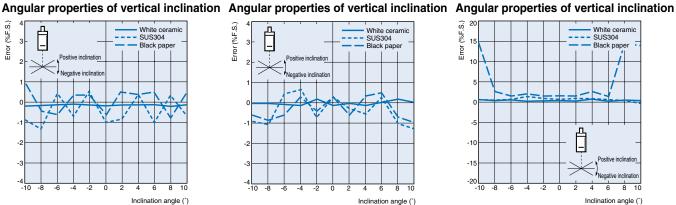
Angle characteristics with respect to horizontal inclination



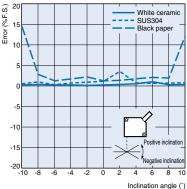






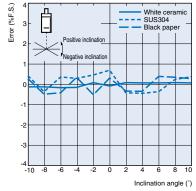


Angle characteristics with respect to horizontal inclination

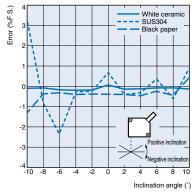


ZX-LD40L

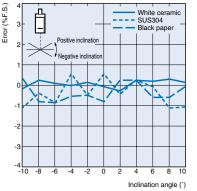
Angular properties of vertical inclination Angular properties of vertical inclination



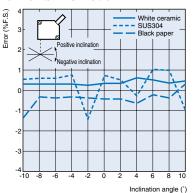
Angle characteristics with respect to horizontal inclination

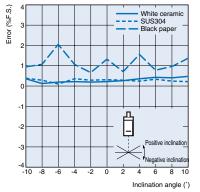


ZX-LD100L

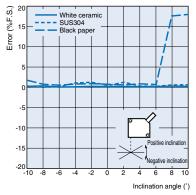








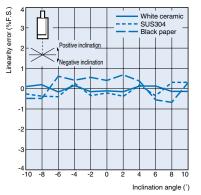
Angle characteristics with respect to horizontal inclination



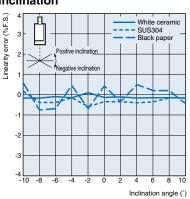
ZX-LD300L

Angular properties of vertical inclination

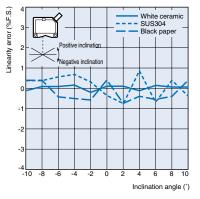
ZX-LD30V Angular properties of vertical inclination



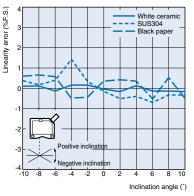
ZX-LD30VL Angular properties of vertical inclination



Angle characteristics with respect to Ar horizontal inclination ho

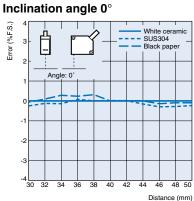




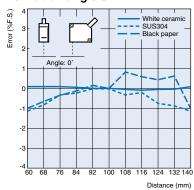


Linearity characteristics depending on material (reflective type)

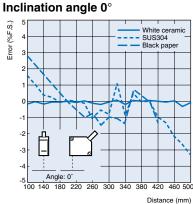
ZX-LD40



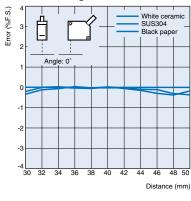
ZX-LD100 Inclination angle 0



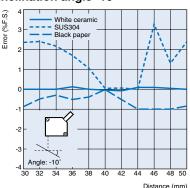
ZX-LD300



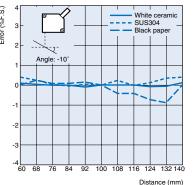
ZX-LD40L Inclination angle 0°



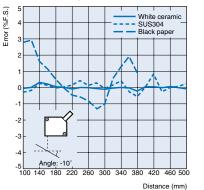
In case of a horizontal inclination Inclination angle -10°



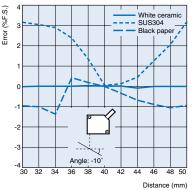
In case of a horizontal inclination



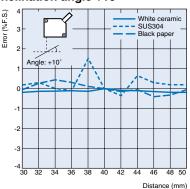
In case of a of a horizontal inclination Inclination angle -10°



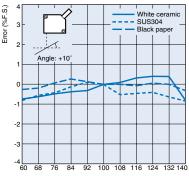
In case of a of a horizontal inclination Inclination angle -10°



Inclination angle +10°

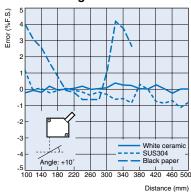


Inclination angle +10°

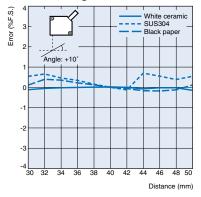


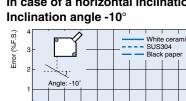
Distance (mm)

Inclination angle +10°

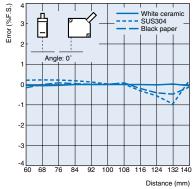


Inclination angle +10°

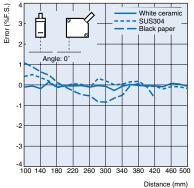




ZX-LD100L Inclination angle 0°

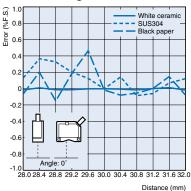


ZX-LD300L Inclination angle 0°

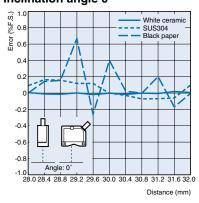


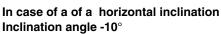
ZX-LD30V

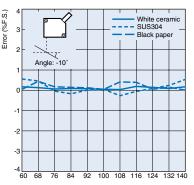
Inclination angle 0°



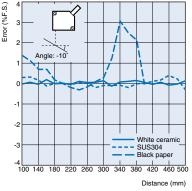
ZX-LD30VL Inclination angle 0°



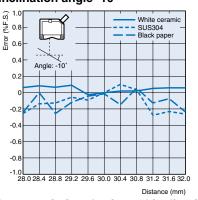




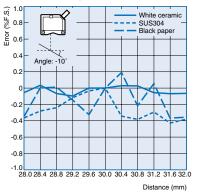
Distance (mm) In case of a of a horizontal inclination Inclination angle -10°

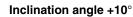


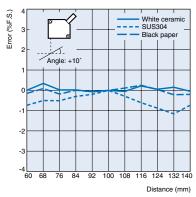
In case of a of a horizontal inclination Inclination angle -10 $^{\circ}$



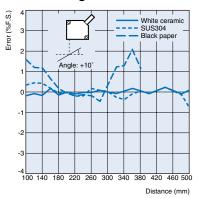
In case of of a a horizontal inclination Inclination angle -10°



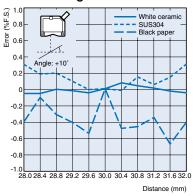




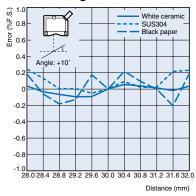
Inclination angle +10°



Inclination angle +10°

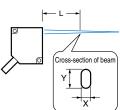


Inclination angle +10°



Spot diameter (reflective type)

Spot beam type



ZX-LD40

L	30 mm		40 m	m	50 mm		
X (m)	240	m	40.0	m	250	m	
Y (m)	350	m	30.0	m	370	m	

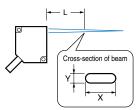
ZX-LD100

L	60 mm		100 r	nm	140 mm		
X (m)	390	m	100	m	430	m	
Y (m)	620	m	65.0	m	650	m	

ZX-LD300

L	100 mm	300 mm	500 mm	
X (m)	1,050 m	180 m	1,100 m	
Y (m)	450 m	300 m	850 m	

Line beam type



ZX-LD40L

L	30 mm		40 m	m	50 mm		
X (m)	2,000	m	2,000	m	2,000	m	
Y (m)	240	m	50.0	m	250	m	

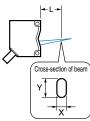
ZX-LD100L

L			100 n	nm	140 mm		
X (m)	2,000	m	2,000	m	2,000	m	
Y (m)	410	m	100	m	430	m	

ZX-LD300L

L			300 n	nm	500 mm		
X (m)	2,000	m	2,000	m	2,500	m	
Y (m)	750	m	300	m	650	m	

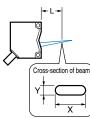
Spot beam type



ZX-LD30V

L	28 mm		30 m	m	32 mm		
X (m)	60.0	m	30.0	m	120	m	
Y (m)	50.0	m	40.0	m	90.0	m	

Line beam type

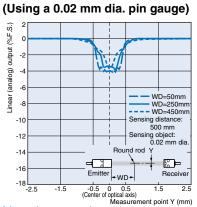


ZX-LD30VL

L	28 mm		30 m	m	32 mm		
X (m)	1,800	m	1,800	m	1,800	m	
Y (m)	90.0	m	60.0	m	110	m	

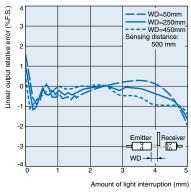
Detection object characteristics (transmissive type)

ZX-LT001

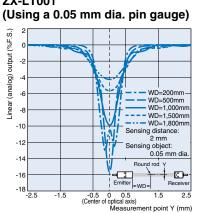


Linearity properties





ZX-LT001



ZX-LT001 (Using a 0.05 mm dia. pin gauge)

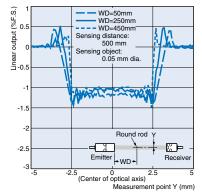


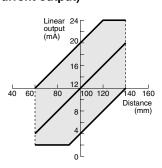
Diagram showing correlation between linear output and detection distance

Current or voltage can be selected with the amplifier unit switch.

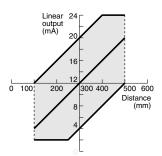
ZX-LD40/LD40L (Current output)

Linear 24 output (mÅ) 20 16 25 301 35 40 45 50 55 Distance (mm)

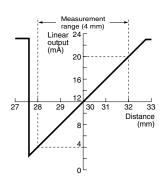
ZX-LD100/LD100L (Current output)

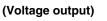


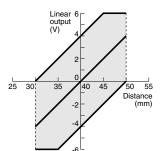
ZX-LD300/LD300L (Current output)



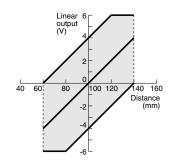
ZX-LD30V/LD30VL (Current output)



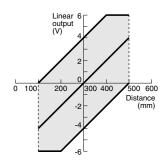




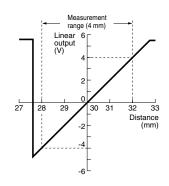
(Voltage output)



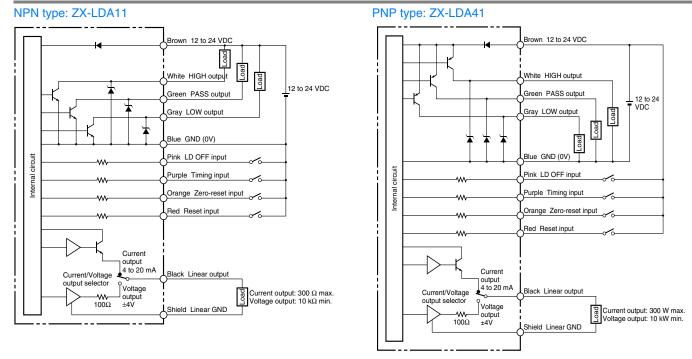
(Voltage output)



(Voltage output)

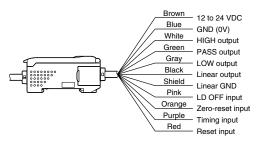


Input/output stage circuit schematic



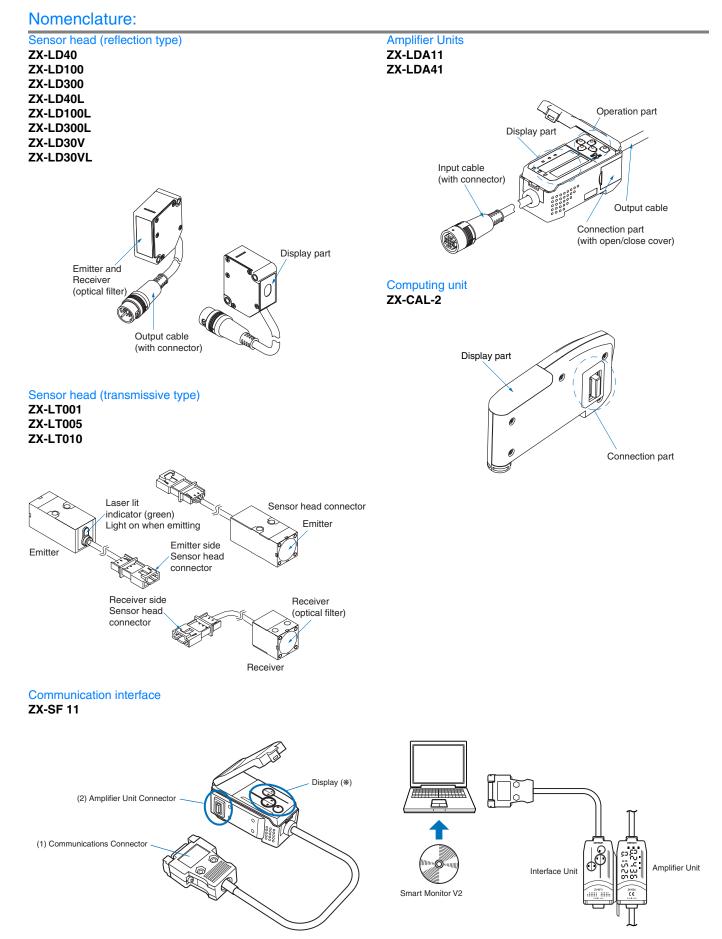
Connection

Amplifier Units



- Note: 1 . In particular, when high resolution is necessary, provide a stable power source separate from other power systems.
 - Damage may result if not wired correctly. (In particular, do not allow the linear output to contact other wires.)
 - Green (0 V) is for the power supply. The outer covering of the shield wire (linear GND) is used for linear output along with the black wire (linear output). Even if you will not be using the linear output, connect the linear GND to GND (0 V).

T-XZ



ZX-L

Precautions

\land Warning

Laser safety

Safety measures are required for laser devices both in Japan and abroad. Brief explanations of three cases are given below, including use in Japan and assembling in Japan and then exporting to other countries.



Europe

The ZX-L-Series Sensor Heads are Class 1 and Class 2 Laser Products according to EN 60825-1 (IEC825-1). (The outline is given in the following table.)

Summary of user precautions

Requirements		Classification									
subclause	Class 1	Class 1M	Class 2	Class 2M	Class 3R	Class 3B	Class 4				
Laser safety iffucer 10.1	Not required but re of the laser beam	ecommended for a	pplications that invo	lve direct viewing	Not required for visible emission Required for non-visible emission	Required					
Remote interlock 10.2	Not required					Connect to room	or door circuits				
Key control 10.3	Not required					Remove key whe	en not in use				
Beam attenuator	Not required	Not required					When in use prevents inadvertent exposure				
Emission indicator device	Not required	Not required Indi cates laser is energized for nonvisible wave- lenghts					Indicates laser is energized				
Warning signs 10.5	Not required					Follow precaution	ns on warning signs				
Beam path 10.6	Not required	Class 1M ^{*1} as for Class 3B	Not required	Class 2M *2 as for Class 3B	Terminate beam a	at end of useful ler	igth				
Specular reflection 10.7	No requirements	Class 1M *1 as for Class 3B	No requirements	Class 2M *2 as for Class 3B	Prevent unintention	onal reflections					
Eye protection 10.8	No requirements	No requirements					eering and ocedures not /IPE exceeded				
Protective clothing 10.9	No requirements					Sometimes required	Specific requirements				
Training 10.10	No requirements	Class 1M *1 as for Class 3R	No requirements	Class 2M *2 as for Class 3R	Required for all operator and maintenance personnel						

¹¹ Class 1M laser products that failed condition 1 of table 10. Not required for Class 1M laser products that failed condition 2 of table 10. ¹² Class 2M laser products that failed condition of table 10. Not required for Class 2M laser products that failed condition 2 of table 10.

Note: This table is intended to provide a convenient summary of precautions. See text of this standard for complete precautions.

ZX-LD

Classification of reflective-type sensor heads

Class 2

Classification of reflective-type sensor head of ZX-LT

Class 1



Handing Instructions

sensor head.

Laser-related labeling

The warning label at right is

attached to the side of the

The ZX-LD <u>ZX-LD30V</u> emits visible laser light. Do not look directly at the light. Terminate the light path of the laser beam before use. If a reflective mirror surface is in the light path, ensure that the reflected light path is enclosed in the beam. In cases where the light path must be open, ensure that it is kept away from eye-height.

(U.S.A.)

Exports of products equipped with this device to the U.S.A. are governed by the laser standards of the Food and Drug Administration of the U.S.A.

The ZX-L-Series Laser Series is classified as Class I and Class II device according to FDA (21 CFR1040.10).

Please inquire for detailed information on exporting to the U.S.A..

(Countries other than the U.S.A.)

- ZX-LD ZX-LD30V@ reflective-type (displacement) sensor head: In countries other than Japan and the U.S.A., replace the warning label with the provided English label.
- For the ZX-LT transmissive-type (displacement) sensor head, the warning label already includes English, thus replacement is not necessary.
- With respect to exports to Europe, a different standard exists, Europe EN60825.

Correct Use

Design Object

Some object materials and forms may not permit measurement, or may reduce the accuracy of measurement (transparent materials or materials with an extremely low reflectance; steeply inclined objects, etc.).

Power Supply and Wiring

- Do not connect or disconnect the connector while powered. Damage may result.
- Allow the system to warm up for about 10 minutes after turning on the power.
- Upon completed wiring, verify that the power source is wired correctly, that there are no incorrect connections that will cause load shorts, and that the load current is appropriate before turning on the power. Incorrect wiring may result in damage.
- When extending the cable, ensure that the overall length does not exceed 10 m from both the sensor head and the amplifier unit. If you need to extend the cable from the sensor head, use the optional extension cable (ZX-XC□A). For wiring from the amplifier unit, use the same type of shielded cable.
- If the power line is subject to surges, connect a surge protector.
- If you are using a computing unit, connect the linear GND terminals of the amplifier units.

Compatibility

The sensor head and amplifier unit are compatible. A sensor head purchased later can also be used.

Mutual Interference

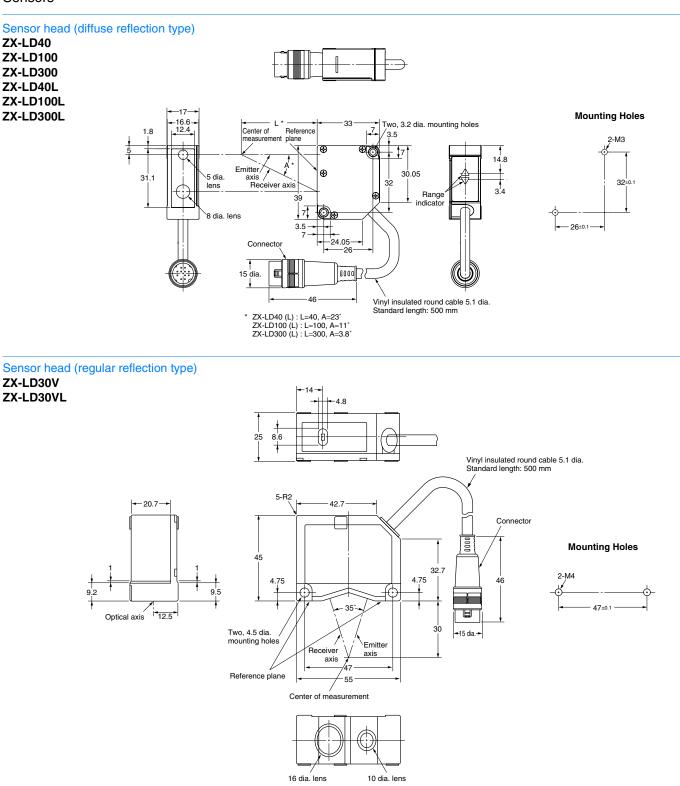
This sensor head allows the amplifier units to be used in conjunction by connecting a computing unit (ZX-CAL) between the amplifier units.

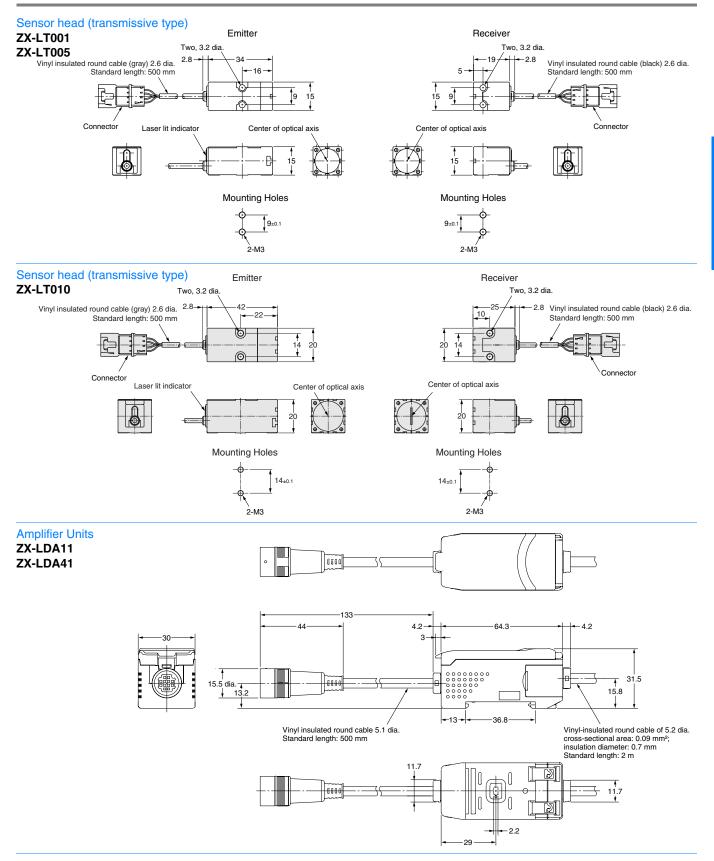
Cleaning

Do not use thinner, benzene, acetone, or kerosene, or similar chemicals.

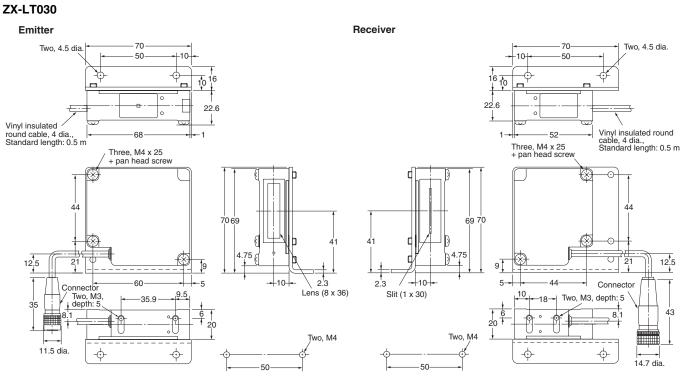
Dimensions (Unit: mm)

Sensors

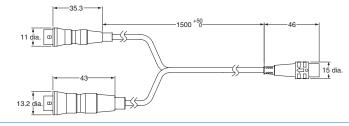




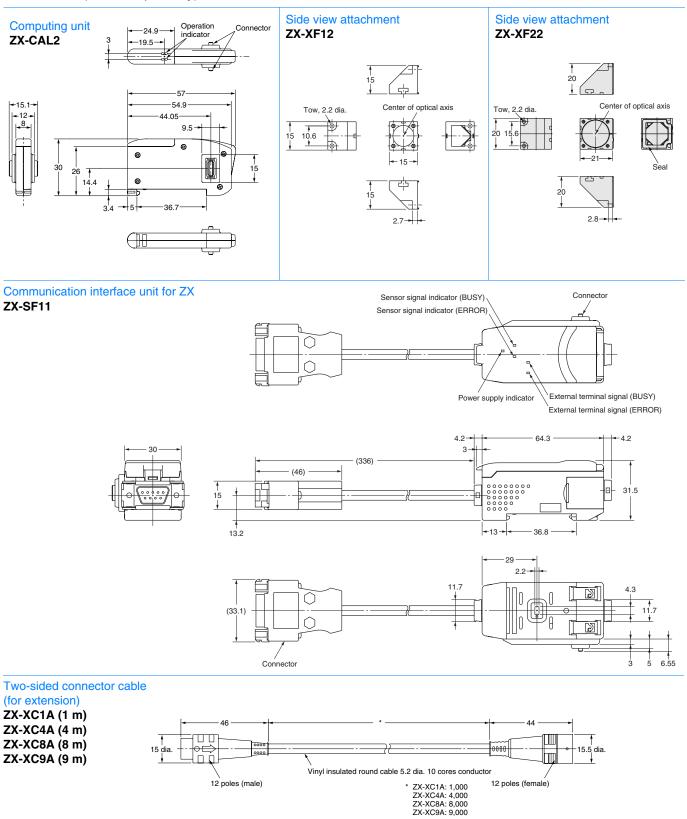
Sensor heads



Sensor Head - Amplifier Connection Cable







ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

Cat. No. Q15E-EN-01