Switch Mode Power Supply

## S8V/R- (120/240/480/960 W Models)

## Worldwide 3-phase Power Supply

 Resistant in tough environments Easy and fast installationThe most compact class on the market

- Wide input range for worldwide applications:

380 to 480 VAC ( 320 to 576 VAC)

- Possible for 2-phase input usage:

380 to 480 VAC ( 340 to 576 VAC)

- DC input can be available*:

450 to 600 VDC ( 450 to 810 VDC)

* Excluding 960 W
- High efficiency $91 \%$ typ. at 480 W model
- Wide operation temperature range: -40 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Power Boost function at $120 \%$
- Meets LR maritime standards
- EMS: Conforms to EN 61204-3

EMI: EN61204-3 Class B

- RoHS Compliant


## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend

S8VK-T $\xlongequal[1]{\square \square \square} \frac{\square}{\square}$

1. Power Ratings

120: 120 W
240: 240 W
480: 480 W
960: 960 W
2. Output voltage

24: 24 V

## Ordering Information

Note: For details on normal stock models, contact your nearest OMRON representative.

| Power ratings | Input voltage | Output Voltage | Output current | Boost Current | Model number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 120 W | 2-phase and 3-phase 380 to 480 VAC 450 to 600 VDC | 24 V | 5 A | 6 A | S8VK-T12024 |
| 240 W |  | 24 V | 10 A | 12 A | S8VK-T24024 |
| 480 W |  | 24 V | 20 A | 24 A | S8VK-T48024 |
| 960 W | 2-phase and 3-phase 380 to 480 VAC | 24 V | 40 A | 48 A | S8VK-T96024 |

## Specifications

## Ratings, Characteristics, and Functions

| Item |  | Power rating | 120 W | 240 W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Output voltage | 24 V | 24 V |
| Efficiency |  | 3 -phase, 400 VAC input *10 | 89\% typ. | 89\% typ. |
| Input | Voltage range *1 |  | 3-phase, 380 to 480 VAC (allowable range: 320 to 576 VAC) 2-phase, 380 to 480 VAC (allowable range: 340 to 576 VAC) 450 to 600 VDC (allowable range: 450 to 810 VDC) *8 |  |
|  | Frequency *1 |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}(47$ to 63 Hz ) |  |
|  | Current | 3-phase, 400 VAC input *10 | 0.38 A typ. | 0.69 A typ. |
|  | Power factor |  | - | - |
|  | Leakage current | 3-phase, 400 VAC input | 3.5 mA max./1.3 mA typ. | 3.5 mA max./1.4 mA typ. |
|  | Inrush current (for a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) *2 | 3 -phase, 400 VAC input | 28 A typ. | 29 A typ. |
| Output | Rated output current |  | 5 A | 10 A |
|  | Boost current |  | 6 A | 12 A |
|  | Voltage adjustment range *3 |  | 22.5 to 29.5 VDC (with V.ADJ) (guaranteed) |  |
|  | Ripple \& Noise voltage *4 | 3 -phase, 400 VAC input ${ }^{10}$ | 160 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth | 190 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth |
|  | Input variation influence *10 |  | 0.5\% max. |  |
|  | Load variation influence *11 |  | 1.5\% max. |  |
|  | Temperature variation influence | 3 -phase, 400 VAC input | 0.05\%/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |  |
|  | Start up time *2 | 3 -phase, 400 VAC input *10 | 710 ms typ . | 570 ms typ . |
|  | Hold time *2 | 3 -phase, 400 VAC input *10 | 30 ms typ. | 20 ms typ. |
| Additional functions | Overload protection |  | Yes, automatic reset | Yes, automatic reset |
|  | Overvoltage protection |  | Yes, $130 \%$ or higher of rated load current, power shut off (shut off the input voltage and turn on the input again) *5 |  |
|  | Series operation |  | Yes (For up to two Power Supplies, external diodes are required.) |  |
|  | Parallel operation |  | Yes (Refer to Engineering Data) (For up to two Power Supplies) |  |
|  | Output indicator |  | Yes (LED: Green), lighting from $80 \%$ to $90 \%$ or more of rated voltage |  |
| Insulation | Withstand voltage |  | 3.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all input terminals and output terminals) cutoff current 20 mA <br> 2.5 kVAC for 1 min . (between all input terminals and PE terminal) cutoff current 20 mA <br> 1.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all output terminals and PE terminal) cutoff current 30 mA |  |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (between all output terminals and all input terminals / PE terminal) at 500 VDC |  |
| Environment | Ambient operating temperature |  | -40 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Derating is required according to the temperature.) (with no condensation or icing) |  |
|  | Storage temperature |  | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no condensation or icing) |  |
|  | Ambient operating humidity |  | 0\% to 95\% (Storage humidity: 0\% to 95\%) |  |
|  | Vibration resistance |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.375-\mathrm{mm}$ half amplitude for 2 h each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |  |
|  | Shock resistance |  | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\pm \mathrm{X}, \pm \mathrm{Y}$, and $\pm \mathrm{Z}$ directions |  |
| Construction | Weight |  | $700 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{max}$. . $1,000 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{max}$. |  |
|  | Degree of protection |  | IP20 by EN / IEC 60529 |  |
| Standards | Harmonic current emissions |  | Conforms to EN 61000-3-2 |  |
|  | EMI | Conducted Emission | Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class B EN 55011 Class B |  |
|  |  | Radiated Emission | Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class B EN 55011 Class B |  |
|  | EMS |  | Conforms to EN 61204-3 high severity levels |  |
|  | Approved Standards *6 |  | UL Listed: UL 508 *7 <br> EN: EN 50178 <br> Lloyd's Register *9 <br> ANSI/ISA 12.12.01 *7 | UL Listed: UL 508 *7 <br> UL UR: UL 60950-1 (Recognition) <br> cUR: CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 <br> CSA: CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 <br> EN: EN 50178, EN 60950-1 <br> Lloyd's Register *9 <br> ANSI/ISA 12.12.01 *7 |
|  | Conformed Standards |  | SELV (EN 50178), PELV(EN 60204-1, EN 50178) Safety of Power Transformers (EN 61558-2-16) EN 50274 for Terminal parts | SELV (EN 60950-1/EN 50178/UL 60950-1) PELV (EN 60204-1, EN 50178) <br> Safety of Power Transformers (EN 61558-2-16) EN 50274 for Terminal parts |
|  | SEMI |  | Conforms to F47-0706 (380 to 480 VAC input) |  |

*1. Do not use an inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning.
*2. For a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Refer to Engineering Data on page 6 for details.
*3. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than 29.5 VDC of the voltage adjustment range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that the load is not damaged.
*4. A characteristic when the ambient operating temperature is between -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
*5. Refer to Overvoltage Protection on page 8 for the time when input voltage shuts off and input turns on again.
*6. To meet safety standards, the S8VK-T must be protected with an external circuit-breaker or a fuse. Be sure to use an external circuit-breaker or a fuse. Refer to Precautions for Safe Use on page 13 for details.
*7. Model FAZ-C1/3, EATON INDUSTRIES (AUSTRIA) GMBH (E177451) and Model KLKD5, LITTELFUSE INC. (E10480) of the Supplementary Fuse/Circuit Breaker must be installed in accordance with NEC.
*8. Safety Standards for a DC Input
The following safety standards apply to a DC input: UL 60950-1, EN 50178, and EN 60950-1.
*9. In the case of using side-mounting bracket (S82Y-VK10S, S82YVK20S), Lloyd's Standards are not applicable.
*10.The value is when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied.
*11.380 to 480 VAC input, in the range of 0 A to the rated output current

| Item |  | Power rating | 480 W | 960 W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Output voltage | 24 V | 24 V |
| Efficiency |  | 3-phase, 400 VAC input *9 | 91\% typ. | 92\% typ. |
| Input | Voltage range *1 |  | 3-phase, 380 to 480 VAC (allowable range: 320 to 576 VAC) 2-phase, 380 to 480 VAC (allowable range: 340 to 576 VAC) 450 to 600 VDC (allowable range: 450 to 810 VDC) *8 | 3-phase, 380 to 480 VAC (allowable range: 320 to 576 VAC) 2-phase, 380 to 480 VAC (allowable range: 340 to 576 VAC) |
|  | Frequency *1 |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}(47$ to 63 Hz$)$ |  |
|  | Current | 3-phase, 400 VAC input *9 | 1.2 A typ. | 2.1 A typ. |
|  | Power factor |  | - | - |
|  | Leakage current | 3-phase, 400 VAC input | 3.5 mA max./1.0 mA typ. | 3.5 mA max./1.2 mA typ. |
|  | Inrush current (for a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) *2 | 3-phase, 400 VAC input | 28 A typ. |  |
| Output | Rated output current |  | 20 A | 40 A |
|  | Boost current |  | 24 A | 48 A |
|  | Voltage adjustment range *3 |  | 22.5 to 29.5 VDC (with V.ADJ) (guaranteed) | 22.5 to 29.5 VDC (with V.ADJ) (guaranteed) *13 |
|  | Ripple \& Noise voltage *4 3 -phase, 400 VAC input *9 |  | 130 mV p-p max. at 20 MHz of bandwidth | $90 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{p-p} \mathrm{max}$.at 20 MHz of bandwidth |
|  | Input variation influence *9 |  | 0.5\% max. |  |
|  | Load variation influence *10 |  | 1.5\% max. |  |
|  | Temperature variation influence | 3-phase, 400 VAC input | 0.05\%/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |  |
|  | Start up time *2 | 3-phase, 400 VAC input *9 | 470 ms typ. | 720 ms typ . |
|  | Hold time *2 | 3-phase, 400 VAC input *9 | 21 ms typ . | 21 ms typ. |
| Additional functions | Overload protection |  | Yes, automatic reset |  |
|  | Overvoltage protection |  | Yes, 130\% or higher of rated load current, power shut off (shut off the input voltage and turn on the input again) *5 |  |
|  | Series operation |  | Yes (For up to two Power Supplies, external diodes are required.) |  |
|  | Parallel operation |  | Yes (Refer to Engineering Data) (For up to two Power Supplies) |  |
|  | Output indicator |  | Yes (LED: Green), lighting from $80 \%$ to $90 \%$ or more of rated voltage |  |
| Insulation | Withstand voltage |  | 3.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all input terminals and output terminals) cutoff current 20 mA 2.5 kVAC for 1 min . (between all input terminals and PE terminal) cutoff current 20 mA 1.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all output terminals and PE terminal) cutoff current 30 mA |  |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (between all output terminals and all input terminals / PE terminal) at 500 VDC |  |
| Environment | Ambient operating temperature |  | -40 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Derating is required according to the temperature.) (with no condensation or icing) |  |
|  | Storage temperature |  | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no condensation or icing) |  |
|  | Ambient operating humidity |  | 0\% to 95\% (Storage humidity: 0\% to 95\%) |  |
|  | Vibration resistance |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.375-\mathrm{mm}$ half amplitude for 2 h each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |  |
|  | Shock resistance |  | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\pm \mathrm{X}, \pm \mathrm{Y}$, and $\pm Z$ directions |  |
| Construction | Weight |  | $1,600 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{max}$. $2,700 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{max}$. |  |
|  | Degree of protection |  | IP20 by EN / IEC 60529 |  |
| Standards | Harmonic current emissions |  | Conforms to EN 61000-3-2 *12 |  |
|  | EMI | Conducted Emission | Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class B EN 55011 Class B *11 |  |
|  |  | Radiated Emission | Conforms to EN 61204-3 Class B EN 55011 Class | B *11 |
|  | EMS |  | Conforms to EN 61204-3 high severity levels |  |
|  | Approved Standards *6 |  | UL Listed: UL 508 *7 <br> UL UR: UL 60950-1 (Recognition) <br> cUR: CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 <br> CSA: CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 <br> EN: EN 50178, EN 60950-1 <br> Lloyd's Register <br> ANSI/ISA 12.12.01 *7 |  |
|  | Conformed Standards |  | SELV (EN 60950-1/EN 50178/UL 60950-1) <br> PELV (EN 60204-1, EN 50178) <br> Safety of Power Transformers (EN 61558-2-16) EN 50274 for Terminal parts |  |
|  | SEMI |  | Conforms to F47-0706 (380 to 480 VAC input) |  |

*1. Do not use an inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning.
*2. For a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Refer to Engineering Data on page 6 for details.
*3. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than 29.5 VDC of the voltage adjustment range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that the load is not damaged.
*4. A characteristic when the ambient operating temperature is between -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
*5. Refer to Overvoltage Protection on page 8 for the time when input voltage shuts off and input turns on again.
*6. To meet safety standards, the S8VK-T must be protected with an external circuit-breaker or a fuse. Be sure to use an external circuit-breaker or a fuse. Refer to Precautions for Safe Use on page 13 for details.
*7. Model FAZ-C4/3, EATON INDUSTRIES (AUSTRIA) GMBH (E177451) and Model KLKD10, LITTELFUSE INC. (E10480) of the Supplementary Fuse/Circuit Breaker must be installed in accordance with NEC.
8. Safety Standards for a DC Input

The following safety standards apply to a DC input: UL 60950-1, EN 50178, and EN 60950-1.
*9. The value is when both rated output voltage and rated output current are satisfied.
*10.380 to 480 VAC input, in the range of 0 A to the rated output current
*11.The S8VK Power Supply conforms to EMI under the following conditions for 2-phase input.
480 W: to conform to class B: rated output voltage, and $65 \%$ or less of rated output current/ to conform to class A: rated output voltage, and $65 \%$ to $100 \%$ of rated output current 960 W: to conform to class B: rated output voltage, and $45 \%$ or less of rated output current/to conform to class A: rated output voltage, and $45 \%$ to $100 \%$ of rated output current
*12.The S8VK Power Supply conforms to EN 61000-3-2 under the following conditions for 2-phase input.
480 W : rated output voltage, and $65 \%$ or less of rated output current
960 W: rated output voltage, and $45 \%$ or less of rated output current
*13.Use at 26.4 VDC or lower for 2-phase input.

S8VK-T

## Connections

## Block Diagrams

S8VK-T12024 (120 W)
S8VK-T24024 (240 W)


S8VK-T48024 (480 W) S8VK-T96024 (960 W)


## Construction and Nomenclature

## Nomenclature

## 120 W Model

S8VK-T12024


## 240 W Model

S8VK-T24024


480 W Model S8VK-T48024


## 960 W Mode

S8VK-T96024


Note: The switch is set to the "B" side when shipped.

| No. | Name | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Input terminals (L1), (L2), (L3) | Connect the input lines to these terminals. *1 |
| 2 | Protective Earth terminal (PE) | Connect the ground line to this terminal. *2 |
| 3 | DC Output terminals (-V), (+V) | Connect the load lines to these terminals. |
| 4 | Output indicator (DC ON: Green) | Lights while a direct current (DC) output is ON. |
| 5 | Output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) | Use to adjust the voltage. |
| 6 | Operation Switch *3 *4 | To operate in parallel or 2-phase input, set the switch to the "B" side. (960 W model only). |

*1. For wiring, refer to Wiring in Precautions for Safe Use on page 13.
*2. This is the protective earth terminal specified in the safety standards. Always ground this terminal
*3. For parallel operation, refer to Parallel Operation in Precautions for Safe Use on page 15.
*4. For 2-phase input, refer to 2-Phase Input Operation For 960 W Model in Precautions for Safe Use on page 15.

## Derating Curve

## 120 W (S8VK-T12024)



Note:This is the guaranteed range for 3-phase and DC input. For 2-phase by $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
A. Standard mounting
B. Face-up mounting at less than 480 VAC or 678 VDC
C. Face-up mounting at less than 576 VAC or 810 VDC

## 240 W (S8VK-T24024)



Note:


This is the guaranteed range for 3-phase and DC input. For 2 -phase by $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
A. Standard mounting
B. Face-up mounting at less than 480 VAC or 678 VDC
C. Face-up mounting at less than 576 VAC or 810 VDC

480 W (S8VK-T48024)


Note:
This is the guaranteed range for 3-phase and DC input. For 2-phase by $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
A. Standard mounting

528 VAC and over: the derating is $0.21 \% / V A C$
746 VDC and over: the derating is $0.16 \% /$ VDC
B. Face-up mounting at less than 480 VAC or 678 VDC
C. Face-up mounting at less than 576 VAC or 810 VDC

## 960 W (S8VK-T96024): Standard mounting



Note:
A. 3-Phase (340 VAC or over to 576 VAC or lower) For less than 340 VAC, it is possible to use with output voltage at 28.5 VDC or lower and load rate $60 \%$ or lower.
B. 2-Pahse ( 380 VAC or over to 576 VAC or lower, and output voltage 26.4VDC or lower)
C. 2-Phase ( 360 VAC or over to 380 VAC or lower, and output voltage 28.5 VDC or lower)

For 340 VAC or over to less than 360 VAC, it is possible to use with output voltage at 26.4 VDC or lower, and whichever is the smaller of the load rate $60 \%$ or lower or the value of $C$

960 W (S8VK-T96024): Face-up mounting


Note:
D. 3-Phase ( 340 VAC or over to 576 VAC or lower) For less than 340 VAC, it is possible to use with output voltage a 28.5 VDC or lower and load rate 60\% or lower.
E. 2-Phase ( 380 VAC or over to 480 VAC or lower, and output voltage 26.4 VDC or lower)
F. 2-Phase (Over 480 VAC to 576 VAC or lower)

For 340 VAC or over to less than 380 VAC, it is possible to use with output voltage at 26.4 VDC or lower, and whichever is the smaller of the load rate $60 \%$ or lower or the value of $F$

## Mounting


(B) Face-up mounting


## Overload Protection

The load and the power supply are automatically protected from overcurrent damage by this function.
Overload protection is activated if the output current rises above $121 \%$ of the rated current.
When the output current returns within the rated range, overload protection is automatically cleared.


The values shown in the above diagrams are for reference only.
Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or overcurrent state continues during operation.
2. Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

## Power Boost Function

## For All Models

Power Boost is a function that can output the temporary repeated boost current larger than the rated current.
However, it should meet the following four Boost current conditions.

1. Time that the boost current flows: t 1
2. The maximum value of the boost current: Ip
3. The average output current: lave
4. The time ratio of the boost current flow: Duty

Note: Boost current conditions

- t1 $\leq 10 \mathrm{~s}$
- Ip $\leq$ Rated boost current
- lave $\leq$ Rated current

Duty $=\frac{\mathrm{t} 1}{\mathrm{t} 1+\mathrm{t} 2} \times 100[\%] \leq 30 \%$


- Do not allow the boost current to continue for more than 10 seconds.
Also, do not let the duty cycle exceed the boost current conditions. These conditions may damage the Power supply.
- Ensure that the average current of one cycle of the boost current does not exceed the rated output current.
This may damage the Power Supply.
- Lessen the load of the boost load current by adjusting the ambient temperature and the mounting direction.
- Power Boost Function is not possible for the S8VK-T 960 W at 2-phase input or in parallel operation.


## S8VK-T

## Overvoltage Protection

Consider the possibility of an overvoltage and design the system so that the load will not be subjected to an excessive voltage even if the feedback circuit in the Power Supply fails. If an excessive voltage that is approximately $130 \%$ of the rated voltage or more is output, the output voltage is shut OFF. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least five minutes and then turning it back ON again.


The values shown in the above diagram is for reference only.
Note: Do not turn ON the power again until the cause of the overvoltage has been removed.

Inrush Current, Startup Time, Output Hold Time


Note: Twice the input current or above will flow during the parallel operation or redundant system.
Therefore, check the fusing characteristics of fuses and operating characteristics of breakers making sure that the external fuses will not burn out and the circuit breakers will not be activated by the inrush current.

## Reference Value

| Reliability (MTBF) | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 3-phase model 120 W: 390,000 h 240 W: 350,000 h 480 W: 280,000 h 960 W: 260,000 h |
| Definition | MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failures, which is calculated according to the probability of accidental device failures, and indicates reliability of devices. <br> Therefore, it does not necessarily represent a life of the product. |
| Life expectancy | 10 years. Min. |
| Definition | The life expectancy indicates average operating hours under the ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a load rate of $50 \%$. Normally this is determined by the life expectancy of the built-in aluminum electrolytic capacitor. |

S8VK-T12024 (120 W)



S8VK-T24024 (240 W)


S8VK-T48024 (480 W)


S8VK-T96024 (960 W)


## DIN Rail (Order Separately)

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## Mounting Rail (Material: Aluminum)

PFP-100N
PFP-50N


Mounting Rail (Material: Aluminum)
PFP-100N2


## End Plate

## PFP-M



Note: If there is a possibility that the Unit will be subject to vibration or shock, use a steel DIN Rail. Otherwise, metallic filings may result from aluminum abrasion.

## Mounting Brackets

| Name | Model | Qty used |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Front-mounting bracket (for 120, 240 and 480 W models) | S82Y-VK10F | 1 |
| Front-mounting bracket (for 960 W model) | S82Y-VK10F | 2 |
| Side-mounting bracket (for 120 W model) | S82Y-VK10S | 1 |
| Side-mounting bracket (for 240 W model) | S82Y-VK20S | 1 |

Note: Be sure to use the accessory screws.
Mounting screw tightening torque (recommended): 4.43 to $5.31 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}(0.5$ to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )

| Type |
| :--- | Model

## Safety Precautions

## Warning Indications

| CAUTION | Indicates a potentially hazardous <br> situation which, if not avoided, may <br> result in minor or moderate injury or in <br> property damage. |
| :---: | :--- |
| Precautions for <br> Safe Use | Supplementary comments on what to <br> do or avoid doing, to use the product <br> safely. |
| Precautions for <br> Correct Use | Supplementary comments on what to <br> do or avoid doing, to prevent failure to <br> operate, malfunction or undesirable <br> effect on product performance. |

## Meaning of Product Safety Symbols

|  | Used to warn of the risk of electric shock under <br> specific conditions. |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | Used to warn of the risk of minor injury caused by <br> high temperatures. |
|  | Used for general mandatory action precautions <br> for which there is no specified symbol. |
|  | Used to indicate prohibition when there is a risk of <br> minor injury from electrical shock or other source <br> if the product is disassembled. |

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

Minor electric shock, fire, or Product failure may occasionally occur. Do not disassemble, modify, or repair the Product or touch the interior of the
 Product.

Minor burns may occasionally occur. Do not touch the Product while power is being supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF.


Fire may occasionally occur. Tighten terminal screws to the specified torque.
S8VK-T12024, S8VK-T24024, S8VK-T48024:
4.43 to $5.31 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$ ( 0.5 to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )

S8VK-T96024:
10.62 to 13.28 lb -in ( $\mathbf{1 . 2}$ to $1.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )

Minor injury due to electric shock may occasionally occur. Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied.


Minor electric shock, fire, or Product failure may occasionally occur. Do not allow any pieces of metal or conductors or any clippings or cuttings resulting from installation work to enter the Product.

If the external breaker or fuse is tripped, the equipment may have been seriously damaged. Do not turn ON the input again.

## Precautions for Safe Use

## Wiring

- Connect the ground completely. A protective earthing terminal stipulated in safety standards is used. Electric shock or malfunction may occur if the ground is not connected completely.
- Minor fire may possibly occur. Ensure that input and output terminals are wired correctly.
- Do not apply more than $75-\mathrm{N}$ force to the terminal block when tightening it.
- Be sure to remove the sheet covering the Product for machining before power-ON so that it does not interfere with heat dissipation.
- To comply with safety standards and to ensure equipment safety, connect the input to the S8VK-T through one of the following Breakers or Fuses.


## Recommended power circuit-breakers

| Model | Input | Recommended power circuit-breakers |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |

- Use the following material for the wires to be connected to the S8VK-T to prevent smoking or ignition caused by abnormal loads or phase failure.
- Wire the input as shown in the following figures depends on your power distribution system. Do not connect the neutral line in a 3-phase, 4-wire system.



## Recommended Wire Type/Cross-sectional Area and Stripping Length

| Model | INPUT |  | OUTPUT |  | PE |  | Wire tripping Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | American Wire Gauge | Solid Wire /Stranded Wire | American Wire Gauge | Solid Wire /Stranded Wire | American Wire Gauge | Solid Wire /Stranded Wire |  |
| S8VK-T12024 | AWG22 to 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.35 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & / 0.35 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | AWG18 to 10 | 0.75 to $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $/ 0.75$ to $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | AWG14 to 10 | 2.5 to $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ /2.5 to $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 8 to 10 mm |
| S8VK-T24024 | AWG22 to 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.35 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & / 0.35 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | AWG14 to 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & / 2.5 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| S8VK-T48024 | AWG20 to 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.5 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & / 0.5 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | AWG12 to 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & / 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| S8VK-T96024 | AWG16 to 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \text { to } 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \\ & / 1.5 \text { to } 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | AWG8 to 6 | 10 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $/ 10$ to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | AWG14 to 6 | 2.5 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ /2.5 to $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 13 to 16 mm |

- The rated current, wire insertion hole, and applicable screwdriver of the terminal block are as follows.

* When output current exceeds the rated current per terminal, use more than two terminals each for +V and -V .


## Installation Environment

- Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to shocks or vibrations. In particular, install the Power Supply as far away as possible from contactors or other devices that are a vibration source. For usage onboard a ship, always attach an End Plate (PFP-M) to both sides of the Power Supply to hold the Power Supply in place.
- Install the Power Supply well away from any sources of strong, high-frequency noise and surge.


## Operating Life

- The life of a Power Supply is determined by the life of the electrolytic capacitors used inside. Here, Arrhenius Law applies,
i.e., the life will be cut in half for each rise of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or the life will be doubled for each drop of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The life of the Power Supply can thus be increased by reducing its internal temperature.


## Ambient Operating and Storage Environments

- Store the Power Supply at a temperature of -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a humidity of 0\% to $95 \%$.
- Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve otherwise, internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged.
- Use the Power Supply at a humidity of $0 \%$ to $95 \%$.
- Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to direct sunlight.
- Do not use the Power Supply in locations where liquids, foreign matter, or corrosive gases may enter the interior of Products.


## Mounting

- Take adequate measures to ensure proper heat dissipation to increase the long-term reliability of the Product. Be sure to allow convection in the atmosphere around devices when mounting. Do not use in locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the range of the derating curve.
- When cutting out holes for mounting, make sure that cuttings do not enter the interior of the Products.

*1. Convection of air
*2. 75 mm min.
*3. 75 mm min.
*4. 20 mm min.
- Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the Product within the derating curve for the mounting direction that is used.


## Overload Protection

- Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or overcurrent state continues during operation.
- Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.
- The DC ON indicator (green) flashes if the overload protection function operates.


## Charging a Battery

If you connect a battery as the load, install overcurrent control and overvoltage protection circuits.

## Output Voltage Adjuster (V.ADJ)

- The output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) may possibly be damaged if it is turned with unnecessary force. Do not turn the adjuster with excessive force.
- After completing output voltage adjustment, be sure that the output capacity or output current does not exceed the rated output capacity or rated output current.


## DIN Rail Mounting

To mount the Block on a DIN Rail, hook portion (A) of the Block onto the rail and press the Block in direction (B).


To dismount the Block, pull down portion (C) with a flat-blade screwdriver and pull out the Block.


## Series Operation

Two power supplies can be connected in series.


Note: 1. The diode is connected as shown in the figure. If the load is short-circuited, a reverse voltage will be generated inside the Power Supply. If this occurs the Power Supply may possibly deteriorate or be damaged. Always connect a diode as shown in the figure.
Select a diode having the following ratings.

| Type | Schottky Barrier diode |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dielectric strength (VRRM) | Twice the rated output voltage or above |
| Forward current (IF) | Twice the rated output current or above |
| 2. Although Products having different specifications can be <br> connected in series, the current flowing through the load <br> must not exceed the smaller rated output current. |  |

## Making Positive/Negative Outputs

- The outputs are floating outputs (i.e., the primary circuits and secondary circuits are separated). You can therefore make positive and negative outputs by using two Power Supplies. You can make positive and negative outputs with any of the models.
If positive and negative outputs are used, connect Power Supplies of the same model as in the following figure. (Combinations with different output capacities or output voltages can be made. However, use the lower of the two maximum rated output currents as the current to the loads.)

- Depending on the model, internal circuits may be damaged due to startup failure when the power is turned ON if loads such as a servomotor or operational amplifier may operate in series. Therefore, connect bypass diodes (D1, D2) as shown in the following figure.
If the list of models that support series connection of outputs says that an external diode is not required, an external diode is also not required for positive/negative outputs.

- Use the following information as a guide to the diode type, dielectric strength, and current.

| Type | Schottky Barrier diode |
| :--- | :---: |
| Dielectric strength (VRRM) | Twice the rated output voltage or above |
| Forward current (IF) | Twice the rated output current or above |

## Parallel Operation

Two Power Supplies can be connected in parallel.

1. Parallel operation is possible only if the standard mounting and 3 -phase input is used. Maintain an ambient temperature of between - 25 and $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
2. For parallel operation, always use two Power Supplies with the same capacity.
3. Use the output voltage adjusters (V. ADJ) to adjust the difference in the output voltages between the two Power Supplies to 50 mV or less.
4. If the output current from the two Power Supplies is not balanced, the Power Supply with the higher output voltage will operate in an overcurrent protection state, which will extremely reduce its service life. After you adjust the difference in the output voltages between the two Power Supplies, make sure that the currents are well balanced.
5. The length and thickness of each wire connected to the load and each unit must be the same so that there is no difference in the voltage drop value between the load and the output terminals of each Power Supply.
6. For Parallel Operation with units $120 \mathrm{~W}, 240 \mathrm{~W}$, or 480 W S8VKT Power Supplies, connect diodes or S8VK-R to the outputs of each unit if sudden load variation influence occurs in the ambient operation environment.
For Parallel Operation with units 960 W S8VK-T Power Supplies, connect diodes to the outputs of each unit if sudden load variation influence occurs in the ambient operation environment.


- Use the following information as a guide to the diode type, dielectric strength, and current.
- Type: Schottky barrier diode
- Dielectric strength (VrRm): Rated output voltage of the Power Supply or higher
- Forward current (IF): Twice the rated Power Supply output current or higher

7. To operate 960 W S8VK-T Power Supplies in parallel, set the OPERATION SWITCH to "B" side.

Note: 1. When the OPERATION SWITCH is set to B, the output current is limited to $80 \%$ of the rated output current.
2. The switch is set to the " B " side when shipped.

## Backup Operation

Backup operation is possible if you use two Power Supplies of the same model
Make sure that the maximum load does not exceed the capacity of one Power Supply.
For backup operation, connect the S8VK-R for 120 W, 240 W, or 480 W S8VK-T.
Refer to the S8VK-R datasheet (Cat.No.T059) for the application methods of the S8VK-R.
For 960 W, always connect diodes to the output sides of the two Power Supplies as shown in the following diagram.


- Use the following information as a guide to the diode type, dielectric strength, and current.

| Type | Schottky Barrier diode |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dielectric strength (VRRM) | Twice the rated output voltage or above |
| Forward current (IF) | Twice the rated output current or above |

- Increase the output voltage setting of Power Supply A and Power Supply B by the drop in the forward voltage (VF) of diodes D1 and D2.
Also, the diodes will cause a power loss equivalent to the Power Supply output current (IOUT) times the diode forward voltage (VF). Therefore, cooling measures must be implemented so that the temperature of the diodes decreases to the catalog value or lower.
- Because of the load power and power loss due to the diodes, do not exceed the rated power of one Power Supply (rated output voltage x rated output current).


## In Case There Is No Output Voltage

The possible cause for no output voltage may be that the overcurrent or overvoltage protection has operated. The internal protection may operate if a large amount of surge voltage such as a lightening surge occurs while turning ON the power supply
In case there is no output voltage, please check the following points before contacting us:

- Checking overload protected status:

Check whether the load is in overload status or is short-circuited.
Remove wires to load when checking.

- Checking overvoltage or internal protection:

Turn the power supply OFF once, and leave it OFF for at least
5 minutes. Then turn it ON again to see if this clears the condition.

## 2-Phase Input Operation For 960 W Model

When using the S8VK-T 960 W at 2-phase input, make sure to set the OPERATION SWITCH to the "B" side.

Note: 1. When the OPERATION SWITCH is set to the "B" side, the output current is limited to $80 \%$ of the rated output current.
2. The switch is set to the " B " side when shipped.


| Read and Understand this Catalog |
| :--- | :--- |
| Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the product. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have <br> any questions or comments. |

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## OMRON Corporation Industrial Automation Company

Contact: www.ia.omron.com

## Regional Headquarters

OMRON EUROPE B.V.
Wegalaan 67-69-2132 JD Hoofddorp
The Netherlands
Tel: (31)2356-81-300/Fax: (31)2356-81-388
OMRON ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD.
No. 438A Alexandra Road \# 05-05/08 (Lobby 2), Alexandra Technopark,
Singapore 119967
Tel: (65) 6835-3011/Fax: (65) 6835-2711

OMRON ELECTRONICS LLC
One Commerce Drive Schaumburg,
IL 60173-5302 U.S.A.
Tel: (1) 847-843-7900/Fax: (1) 847-843-7787
OMRON (CHINA) CO., LTD.
Room 2211, Bank of China Tower,
200 Yin Cheng Zhong Road,
PuDong New Area, Shanghai, 200120, China Tel: (86) 21-5037-2222/Fax: (86) 21-5037-2200

## Authorized Distributor:

